State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations

Budget



Fiscal Year 2009

Donald L. Carcieri, Governor

Quasi-Public Agencies

Rhode Island Airport Corporation **Capital Center Commission** Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency Rhode Island Convention Center Authority Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation Housing Resources Commission Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority Narragansett Bay Commission Rhode Island Public Transit Authority **Quonset Development Corporation** Rhode Island Refunding Bond Authority Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation Rhode Island Student Loan Authority Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority Rhode Island Water Resources Board Corporate

Rhode Island Airport Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Airport Corporation (Corporation) was created by the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation (formerly the Port Authority) on December 9, 1992, as a subsidiary public corporation, government agency, and public instrumentality, having a distinct legal existence from the state and the authority, and having many of the same powers and purposes of the authority. The Corporation is empowered to undertake the planning, development, management, acquisition, ownership, operation, repair, construction, renovation, sale, lease or other disposition of any airport facility, including the T.F. Green State Airport in Warwick, as well as the five general aviation airports: North Central, Quonset, Westerly, Newport, and Block Island.

The powers of the Corporation are vested in its Board of Directors consisting of seven members, one member appointed by the Mayor of the City of Warwick and serving at his pleasure, the remaining six appointed by the Governor for four-year terms. The Corporation does not have the power to issue bonds or notes or borrow money without the approval of the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation.

The Corporation leases the airports from the State of Rhode Island, through the Department of Transportation (DOT). Under the lease agreement, the State and DOT have assigned all rights to airport revenues, the proceeds of the State general obligation bonds issued for airport projects, federal grant agreements, insurance proceeds, all contracts including concession agreements with vendors and airlines, and all licenses and permits. The Corporation has agreed to reimburse the State for general obligation debt service after July 1, 1993, to the extent that money is available from its funds. In the event of insufficient funds, the unpaid debt shall accrue and be payable in the following year.

The Corporation assumes responsibility for the airports and undertaking capital improvements. The Corporation is intended to provide more flexibility in the provision of state match funds for all airport related projects by utilizing revenue bonds backed by revenue from parking, car rental, and other concessionaires, including landing fees paid by airlines, as well as a passenger facility charge that the federal government has empowered local airports to collect in order to finance capital improvements.

The Corporation is entitled to receive funds from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) on a matching fund basis to improve the state's airport system and finance various airport operations and improvements based on the following table:

Program	FAA portion	Corporation portion
Land Acquisition	80%	20%
T.F. Green projects	75%	25%
General Aviation Airports	90%	10%

Rhode Island Airport Corporation

The Corporation does not receive any state appropriations from the State of Rhode Island for the operation and maintenance and capital programs relating to T.F. Green and the five general aviation airports. All of the operating and maintenance expenses, as well as operating capital programs and projects, are funded directly by revenues derived from airport operations. The only "State" funds utilized by the Corporation are general obligation bonds which were issued by the State of Rhode Island for airport related projects. The debt service on these general obligation bonds is the responsibility of the Corporation and the Corporation is current with respect to that responsibility.

Rhode Island Airport Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2009 Recommended
Revenue: (T.F. Green)				
Landing Fees	10,898,714	12,503,375	12,672,890	12,989,712
Fuel Flowage Fees	1,062,056	982,605	1,033,200	1,059,030
Tiedown & Hanger Fees	1,019,361	1,006,571	960,682	984,699
Aircraft Registration	24,455	24,380	25,000	25,000
Concessions	2,621,130	2,454,239	2,248,062	2,304,264
Miscellaneous Revenues	555,587	454,116	467,200	481,216
Utilities Reimbursement	498,085	502,744	540,100	556,303
Airline Equipment Charge	574,785	573,132	577,176	577,176
Terminal Rent-Airlines	7,241,317	7,314,578	11,183,854	11,396,729
Terminal Rent-Non Airlines	1,227,911	834,489	877,459	903,783
Automobile Parking	13,477,337	11,335,509	14,565,200	15,293,460
Rental Car Revenues	6,593,580	6,539,947	6,452,556	6,613,870
Off Airport Courtesy Fees	725,394	829,340	904,600	940,784
Bad Debt Expenses	(988,204)	910,288	-	-
Audit & Finance Charge	1,152,967	75,090	-	-
Federal Grants - FAA	147,568	151,000	150,500	150,500
Airport Support Fund - Revenue A65	606,469	619,419	658,000	630,000
Total Revenue	\$47,438,512	\$47,110,822	\$53,316,479	\$54,906,526
Personnel Expenses: (T.F. Green)				
Payroll	10,791,178	11,152,008	12,186,760	12,613,297
Payroll - Overtime	780,538	898,476	829,290	858,315
Snow Removal Overtime	186,447	65,049	198,797	205,755
Overtime-Holiday	323,019	355,630	440,777	456,204
Workers' Comp Leave	-	-	-	-
Unemployment Compensation	31,320	17,354	-	-
Employee Retirement FICA Tax	717,009 929,977	806,756	948,144	981,329
Long Term Disability & Life Insurance	929,977 144,528	962,210 165,911	1,023,917 214,400	1,059,754 225,120
Workers' Comp Insurance	274,254	314,170	447,998	470,398
Health Insurance	1,948,665	1,930,183	2,111,500	2,322,650
Employee Relocation	4,472	-	20,000	
Miscellaneous Employee Benefits	331,297	450,816	471,500	488,003
Temporary Employee Help \ Outsource	87,040	169,008	-	, -
Total Personnel Expenses	\$16,549,744	\$17,287,571	\$18,893,083	\$19,680,825
Total Expenses - Operating	10,685,562	11,548,728	14,836,390	15,578,210
Total Expenditures	\$27,235,306	\$28,836,299	\$33,729,473	\$35,259,035
Net Income from Operations	\$20,203,206	\$18,274,523	\$19,587,006	\$19,647,491

Rhode Island Airport Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2009 Recommended
Outlying Airports				
Revenues	1,565,922	1,623,743	2,262,358	2,420,723
Payroll Expenses	(1,335,757)	(1,416,667)	(1,606,030)	(1,654,211)
Operating Expenses	(904,904)	(1,073,476)	(1,250,596)	(1,288,114)
Airport Management Fee	(65,000)	(154,126)	(197,000)	(200,000)
Net Gain (Loss) Outlying Airport	(\$739,739)	(\$1,020,526)	(\$791,268)	(\$721,602)
Depreciation & Amortization	14,965,749	15,725,115	18,400,000	18,500,000
Net Income(Loss) After Depreciation				
and Amortization	\$4,497,718	\$1,528,882	\$395,738	\$425,889
Other Income & Expenses				
Interest Income	1,892,503	4,053,547	1,959,770	2,000,000
Interest Expense	(200,887)	(166,708)	(400,000)	(200,000)
Interest Expense - All Bonds	(9,986,413)	(11,538,395)	(13,810,041)	(14,500,000)
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	-	102,324	-	-
Miscellaneous Income (Expense)	(3,228,559)	(6,061,569)	-	-
Bad Debt Expense	-	-	-	-
Interest Income - CFC	605,991	1,296,350	1,000,000	500,000
Customer Facility Charge (CFC)	4,942,472	4,860,633	5,288,700	5,394,474
Interest Income - PFC	578,084	1,233,611	280,900	500,000
Passenger Facility Charge	7,442,029	10,039,836	10,317,115	10,523,457
Federal Grants - FAA	15,228,800	25,497,672	23,492,392	22,136,380
Federal Grants-TSA	592,246	8,843	-	-
Miscellaneous Grants & Contributions	42,000	9,978	-	-
Noise Mitigation Program	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition Program	(8,666,465)	(14,885,072)	(13,900,000)	(10,500,000)
Total Non-Operating Income & Exp	\$9,241,801	\$14,451,050	\$14,228,836	\$15,854,311
Income from Continuing Operations	-	-	-	
Loss Discontinued Business Airport Support	-	-	-	
Net Income	\$13,739,519	\$15,979,932	\$14,624,574	\$16,280,200

(a) The information presented for FY 2009 has not been reviewed nor approved by the Rhode Island Airport Corporation Board of Directors and is subject to change, pending the aforementioned review.

Capital Center Commission

Agency Operations

The Capital Center Commission is a public corporation and agency of the State of Rhode Island that was created by state enabling legislation in 1981, and is a public body of the City of Providence by City Council Ordinance enacted in 1982. Legislatively, it is responsible for the adoption, implementation, and administration of the public and private development within Capital Center through its Design and Development Regulations, which, in part, are more restrictive than the local zoning ordinance. The commission's Internal Operating Procedures establish an application and design review process, which is legislated as not to exceed ninety days. The goal is to assure compliance with the regulations and at the same time assure the developer of an early decision on its application for development.

The Capital Center Commission, a fifteen member board created by state legislation, is funded primarily by the State of Rhode Island through the Economic Development Corporation, and by the City of Providence, with a total of \$73,500 in funding.

One of the largest and most ambitious economic ventures of the State of Rhode Island and its capital city - Providence - is Capital Center, a seventy-seven acre northerly expansion of downtown Providence to the State Capitol. Through the cooperative and continuing efforts of public and private ownerships and interests, an infusion of over \$100 million of public and private funds has been committed for the planning and construction of public infrastructure improvements within the area. The public improvements, completed in mid 1994, include: new rights-of-way and utility lines, expansion of public open space, river walks along restaurants and retail uses, an amphitheater, and pedestrian bridges created, in part, by the relocation of two rivers.

Private development is controlled by Design and Development Regulations mandating, in part: use, height, building coverage, parking and service. Pedestrian and traffic circulation controls are also established to assure the movement of people and automobiles through Capital Center and to and from the downtown area. Forty-eight of the seventy-seven acres, representing twenty development sites, are designated for private development by public and private ownerships. To date, the following projects have been completed or are under construction: over 1.2 million square feet of retail space, one million square feet of office space, 1,052 hotel rooms and guest suites, 765 residential units, 7,800 structured parking spaces, over 5,800 permanent jobs, and over \$983 million in private development.

Statutory History

Public Laws of 1981, Section 2, Chapter 332, as amended, establishes the Capital Commission as a special development district, as governed by Title 45, Section 24.4 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

Capital Center Commission

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Unaudited	FY 2008 Budgeted	FY 2009 Projected
Operating Revenues				
State Grants	50,000	50,000	38,555	50,000
City Grants	50,000	50,000	35,000	50,000
Management Fees	600	2,500	40,000	-
Total Operating Revenues	\$100,600	\$102,500	\$113,555	\$100,000
Expenditures				
Salaries	80,822	83,827	85,790	88,364
Fringes	15,205	15,291	25,890	26,667
Rent and Utilities	12,989	14,796	15,900	16,377
Telephone	646	1,309	1,400	1,400
Print/Supplies	2,198	1,535	3,850	3,850
Postage	1,897	1,414	2,000	2,000
Meetings	3,210	1,827	3,000	3,000
Miscellaneous	2,575	717	2,256	2,300
Travel/Prof. Dev.	3,615	1,174	3,000	3,000
Dues, Ins. Subscriptions	-	2,763	2,410	1,500
Consultants	129	-	10,000	10,000
Legal & Audit Fees	14,550	8,002	11,500	11,500
Total	\$137,836	\$132,655	\$166,996	\$169,958
Less Non Operating Revenue				
Interest Income	247	149	-	-
Net Income(Loss)	(\$36,989)	(\$30,006)	(\$53,441)	(\$69,958)

Note: FY 2007 are unaudited figures.

Budget numbers for FY 2009 are preliminary and have not been approved or Capital Center Commission.

Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency (the "Agency") established in 1990, is an independent, public corporation having a distinct legal existence from the state. The purpose of the Agency is to provide low cost loans to Rhode Island cities, towns, sewer commissions, wastewater management districts and water suppliers to finance capital improvements to wastewater and drinking water infrastructure. The Agency operates three revolving loan funds. Two of the funds provide subsidized loans to finance wastewater infrastructure projects and are collectively referred to as the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF). A third fund provides subsidized loans to finance drinking water infrastructure projects and is called the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF).

The CWSRF is jointly administered by the Agency and the Department of Environmental Management (DEM). DEM is responsible for the environmental and regulatory components of the CWSRF while the Agency is responsible for the financial components. The CWSRF is capitalized by the grants from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) with a match of 20 percent by the State of Rhode Island. The Agency reimburses DEM for its administrative expenses.

The DWSRF is jointly administered by the Agency and the Department of Health (DOH). DOH is responsible for the water quality and regulatory components of the DWSRF while the Agency is responsible for the financial components. Funding for the DWSRF comes from capitalization grants from the federal and state governments, and through the issuance of tax-exempt Agency revenue bonds or direct loans. (The State of Rhode Island does not have any obligation for repayment of Agency revenue bonds.) DOH is reimbursed for administrative expenses via an administrative set-aside component of the capitalization grant.

Agency Objectives

The objective of the Agency is to provide low-cost loans to finance capital improvements to the wastewater and the drinking water infrastructure in Rhode Island.

Statutory History

Chapter 12.2 of Title 46 established the CWSRF. Chapter 238 as amended by Chapter 303 and Chapter 434 authorized the state to issue General Obligation Bonds up to \$34 million for Capitalization Grants to the CWSRF. Chapter 12.8 of Title 46 established the DWSRF.

Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended ⁽²⁾
Revenue				
Interest and Investment Income	23,770,531	25,848,415	28,353,038	30,904,811
Operating Grant Income	2,478,586	2,122,961	2,328,000	2,421,120
Loan Service Fees ^(*)	3,067,435	3,405,277	3,528,509	3,704,934
Other Revenue	122,552	145,978	102,000	112,200
Total Revenues	\$29,439,104	\$31,522,631	\$34,311,547	\$37,143,065
Operating Expenses				
Interest and Finance Expenses	23,379,013	24,891,133	27,108,994	29,548,803
Administrative Expenses	1,085,404	1,135,863	926,736	973,073
Administrative Fees - DEM	299,388	245,005	300,000	300,000
Administrative Fees - DOH	98,267	115,511	125,000	120,000
DOH Set-Aside Programs	2,080,931	1,762,445	1,903,000	2,400,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$26,943,003	\$28,149,957	\$30,363,730	\$33,341,876
Other Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal & State Capitalization Grants Gain (Loss) Sale of Assets	23,930,655 -	15,014,510 -	14,476,404 -	13,028,764 -
Excess Revenues over Expenses	\$26,426,756	\$18,387,184	\$18,424,221	\$16,829,953

⁽¹⁾ Service Fee portion of loan service fees is on a cash basis; loan origination fees are amortized over the life of the bonds/loan as per G.A.A.P.

⁽²⁾ The FY 2009 Budget information has not been presented to, or approved by the Agency's Board of Directors. The Board normally reviews and accepts the budgets in the quarter before the start of the fiscal

Rhode Island Convention Center Authority

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Convention Center Authority was created in 1987 by the Rhode Island General Assembly as a public corporation, instrumentality and agency of the state, having a distinct legal existence from the state and not constituting a department of state government.

The authority's original purpose was the construction, management and operation of a facility to house conventions, trade shows, exhibitions, displays, meetings, banquets, and other events, as well as facilities related thereto such as parking lots and garages, connection walkways, hotels and office buildings, including any retail facilities which are incidental to and located within any of the foregoing, and to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, land to construct the complex. The authority was authorized to lease the convention center and the related facilities to the state and undergo a bond and note issuance for facilities pursuant to the terms of a sublease agreement, dated as of November 1, 1991, as amended, by and between the state, as sublessor and the authority, as sublessee (the "Sublease").

A "phased" approach for each entity of the complex occurred as follows: North Parking Facility: December 5, 1992, Convention Center and South Parking Facilities: December 2, 1993 and the Westin Hotel: December, 1994. The authority has operated its facilities with various management contracts since inception. During FY 2005 and FY 2006 major changes occurred altering the future direction and scope for the authority, including the sale of the Westin Hotel to the Procaccianti Group in April, 2005 and the authority's acquisition of the Dunkin' Donuts Center Providence in December 2005. The Westin Hotel sale enhanced the authority's ability to compete as a premier Northeast destination convention city by the addition of 200 hotel rooms to the de facto convention headquarters property; in addition to a significant statewide hotel room capacity increase. The completion of the renovation of the Dunkin' Donuts Center Providence is expected to take three years. The Center will remain operational throughout the renovation period.

Official renovation construction activity commenced in the summer of 2006, predominant activity during the first summer of the project includes: ceiling painting, scoreboard replacement, ice chiller replacement, asbestos abatement, and selective interior and exterior demolition. Major renovation will occur during the summer of 2007, with expected completion in December 2008.

Agency Objectives

Manage and operate convention center complex, parking facilities and continue renovation and ongoing operation of newly acquired Dunkin' Donuts Center Providence.

Rhode Island Convention Center Authority

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	Re	FY 2009 ecommended
Resources					
Opening Cash Balances	\$ 502,775	\$ 1,379,449	\$ 827,493	\$	1,410,259
Operations	15,694,042	18,430,461	20,289,686		20,489,058
Investment Income and Swap Savings	102,568	(58,227)	168,768		173,831
Westin Hotel Room Tax	288,364	269,495	277,581		285,908
Net Bank Transfers	6,019,130	64,771	68,009		71,410
Total Resources	\$ 22,606,879	\$ 20,085,949	\$ 21,631,537	\$	22,430,466
Expenditures					
Convention Center Authority	2,921,590	2,539,390	2,920,330		3,068,437
Convention Center Management	11,819,851	12,584,969	11,799,330		12,198,362
Dunkin Donuts Center	2,389,130	5,634,097	5,501,618		6,862,524
Subtotal Operations	\$17,130,571	\$20,758,456	\$20,221,278		\$22,129,323
Debt Service	16,342,119	20,147,025	16,354,166		16,231,813
Dunkin Donuts Center Debt Service	-	-	6,906,436		6,906,654
Renewal and Replacement - Conv. Ctr.	4,090,582	-	-		-
Renewal and Replacement - D.D. Center	-	-	-		-
Grand Total Expenditures	\$37,563,272	\$40,905,481	\$43,481,880		\$45,267,790
Balance from Operations	\$ (14,956,393)	\$ (20,819,532)	\$ (21,850,343)	\$	(22,837,324)
State Appropriation	16,335,842	21,647,025	23,260,602		23,138,467
Final Cash Balances	\$ 1,379,449	\$ 827,493	\$ 1,410,259	\$	301,143

The information presented above is based upon cash flow data provided by the authority and has not been approved by the authority's Board of Directors.

Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation consolidates all economic development activities of the State of Rhode Island into one entity to enhance service delivery, performance, and accountability.

The Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation's Board of Directors consists of eight members, including the Governor, who serves as chair. The Governor appoints all seven members. The board oversees the implementation of all state-level economic development programs. Effective January 1, 2005, corporate governance for the Quonset Point/Davisville Industrial Park in North Kingstown was transferred to the Board of Directors of the newly created Quonset Development Corporation.

Effective July 1, 2008, the Corporation will provide staff support to the Economic Policy Council.

Agency Objectives

The Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation works in partnership with the business community to enhance Rhode Island's business climate; provides direct assistance to Rhode Island businesses to retain and add jobs; identifies and works to attract new businesses and investment to Rhode Island; and serves as an advocate for economic development in Rhode Island.

The Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation's business development effort will be streamlined and refocused to incorporate industry specialization for each account executive. These individual specialties will be grouped into teams as needed to respond to specific business development opportunities to provide the maximum level of expertise. Account executives will be responsible for both recruitment and retention within their portfolio. Each will be held accountable to performance metrics criteria in both areas.

Statutory History

The Corporation was created in 1995 by Title 42, Chapters 43 and 64, of the Rhode Island General Laws, replacing the former Department of Economic Development and the Rhode Island Port Authority.

Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation

		FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Estimated Opening Balance Revenue	s:	\$872,321	-	\$98,746	-
Resources					
State Appropriation		5,280,487	6,030,487	5,993,750	6,033,487
Legislative Grants		1,745,800	1,753,787	1,460,634	730,320
Airport Impact Aid		-	1,000,000	1,000,754	1,000,754
Marine BioScience Park		34,497	-	-	-
Science and Technology Council		98,336	100,000	100,000	100,000
STAC Research Alliance (EPScore)		-	1,500,000	1,459,500	1,500,000
Business Innovation Factory		-	100,000	100,000	100,000
Grants - HRIC		100,000	16,667	-	-
Grants - Department of Education		-	125,000	125,000	125,000
Su	ubtotal	\$7,259,120	\$10,625,941	\$10,239,638	\$9,589,561
Revenue from Federal Government					
Grants (Procurement)		270,000	212,422	160,000	130,000
Su	ubtotal	\$270,000	\$212,422	\$160,000	\$130,000
Revenues from Operations					
Bond Fees/Other Income/Financings		300,000	-	-	-
RI Partnership for Science & Technol	logy	500,000	-	-	-
RI Industrial Facilities Corp.		250,000	150,000	150,000	-
Other Income		-	125,839	200,000	200,000
Finance Program Allocation		-	288,818	415,000	415,000
Welcome Center (DOT)		600,000	600,000	475,000	475,000
QDC Allocation		600,000	600,000	250,000	150,000
Sul	btotal	\$2,250,000	\$1,764,657	\$1,490,000	\$1,240,000
Total Reso	urces	\$10,651,441	\$12,603,020	\$11,988,384	\$10,959,561
Expenditures					
Personnel Expenses		4,324,848	4,400,000	4,583,487	4,568,887
Operating Expenses		2,992,194	3,050,487	2,809,009	2,484,600
Legislative/EDC Grants		2,020,800	1,753,787	1,460,634	730,320
Airport Impact Aid		-	1,000,000	1,000,754	1,000,754
Office of City and Town Development	t	580,766	-	-	-
Marine BioScience Park		34,497	-	-	-
Science and Technology Council		98,336	100,000	100,000	100,000
Business Innovation Factory		-	100,000	100,000	100,000
STAC Research Alliance (EPScore)		-	1,500,000	1,459,500	1,500,000
Welcome Center		600,000	600,000	475,000	475,000
Total Expend	itures	\$10,651,441	\$12,504,274	\$11,988,384	\$10,959,561
Closing Ba	lance	-	\$98,746	-	-

FY 2007 operating expenses includes \$250,000 for costs associated with the relocation of the EDC offices.

Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation is a non-business corporation and agency of the state that provides bond and lease financing to non-profit health and educational institutions in the state. Since its inception in 1966, the corporation has assisted with over \$1 billion in financing for such institutions without obligating the state's credit.

Under the direction of a five member board of directors, appointed by the Governor, the corporation has assisted hospitals, nursing homes, mental health centers, health care providers, day care centers, visiting nurses associations, and colleges and universities in obtaining low-cost financing from the public bond market.

The corporation receives no state appropriations for its operations.

Agency Objectives

To ensure that adequate financing is available for the education institutions and health care providers in the state to meet the needs of the citizens of Rhode Island.

Statutory History

The Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation was created by the General Assembly in 1967 with its duties and powers defined by R.I.G.L. 45-38 (as amended).

Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Projected	FY 2009 Proposed
Expenditure by Object				
Personnel	306,972	327,751	394,900	418,600
Other Operating Expenditures	374,350	383,629	497,000	530,000
Financing Services	534,308	799,936	600,000	600,000
Grants	584,300	269,353	260,000	260,000
Transfer to State	3,700,000	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$5,499,930	\$1,780,669	\$1,751,900	\$1,808,600
Expenditures by Fund				
Personnel	306,972	327,751	394,900	418,600
Other Operating Expenditures	374,350	383,629	497,000	530,000
Financing Services	534,308	799,936	600,000	600,000
Grants	584,300	269,353	260,000	260,000
Transfer to State	3,700,000	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$5,499,930	\$1,780,669	\$1,751,900	\$1,808,600

The information presented above was provided by the entity, and in most cases, the data provided for FY 2009 has not been approved by the Board of Directors.

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") is a public instrumentality of the State established in 1973 by an Act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation is governed by a seven member board of commissioners. The Corporation was created to provide and improve housing to persons of low and moderate income, as well as to encourage the investment of private capital for the construction, rehabilitation, operation, retention, and maintenance of residential housing and health care facilities, to provide construction and mortgage loans, and to make grants in regard to housing needs including shelters for the homeless. The Corporation also has the power to acquire and operate housing projects on an individual or partnership basis in order to meet the housing demands of the State and to create subsidiaries for the purpose of the development and preservation of affordable housing for low and moderate income families.

The Corporation also provides services for the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development as a contract administrator.

The Corporation has the power to issue negotiable notes and bonds to achieve its corporate purpose. The notes and bonds do not constitute a debt of the State of Rhode Island and the State is not liable for the repayment of such obligations.

Agency Objectives

To provide, improve and expand housing and housing related services to, and address issues of sanitary, safe and decent housing for, persons of low and moderate income, as well as to encourage the investment of private capital for the construction, rehabilitation, operation, retention, and maintenance of residential housing and health care facilities, to provide construction and mortgage loans, and to make grants in regard to housing needs including shelters for the homeless.

Statutory History

The Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered under Title 42, Chapter 55 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Budgeted	FY 2009 Forecast
Expenditure Report				
Personnel Services	10,908,281	11,744,831	13,859,863	14,830,053
Other Administrative Expenses	3,333,326	4,666,470	4,975,819	5,324,126
Programmatic Expenses	7,060,164	7,140,140	9,295,000	9,945,650
Provision for Loan Loss	1,966,128	197,120	1,000,000	1,000,000
Arbitrage Rebate	(297,832)	519,690	1,000,000	1,000,000
Amortization and Depreciation	1,778,913	1,786,450	2,111,300	2,000,000
Total	\$24,748,980	\$26,054,701	\$32,241,982	\$34,099,829

The information for FY 2009 has not been reviewed nor approved by the Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation Board and is subject to change pending review of the Corporation.

Housing Resources Commission

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Housing Resources Commission was established in 1998 with responsibility for establishing housing policy, planning and coordination for the State of Rhode Island. Funding was provided to establish a lead hazardous reduction program in conjunction with Rhode Island Housing. With the passage of the Lead Hazard Mitigation Act, the Commission's responsibilities included implementation of that law.

Additional responsibility was given to the Commission with the passage of the Comprehensive Housing and Rehabilitation Act of 2004. This law mandated the development of a strategic housing plan and ongoing tracking of 29 local affordable housing plans.

The Commission administers the Neighborhood Opportunities Program, a housing production program that creates homes for individuals and families with very low incomes and/or disabilities, leveraging millions of dollars of federal and private funds. Coordination and funding of the state's homeless service system is also a major function of the Commission.

With the passage of the Building Homes Rhode Island Bond in November 2006, the Commission assumed responsibility for the program with administrative assistance from Rhode Island Housing. Regulations, an application, distribution process and contracts were developed and the Commission will disburse \$12.5 million annually for this program.

The Commission is responsible for program development and implementation of homeless facilities and resources to respond to those seeking shelter including those who have been discharged from the Department of Corrections, aged out of foster care and lost housing due to foreclosures of multi-family housing.

The Commission consists of the Office of Policy and Planning; the Office of Program Performance and Evaluation; the Office of Homelessness and Emergency Assistance; the Office of Community Development and Technical Assistance and the Office of Homeownership.

Agency Objectives

The objectives are to promulgate state policies and plans for housing and performance measures for housing programs established pursuant to state law. The Commission coordinates activities among state agencies and political subdivisions pertaining to housing and promotes quality of life within communities. We accomplished this by providing opportunities for safe, healthy, and affordable housing and economic development for all Rhode Islanders through encouraging public-private partnerships, fostering support for nonprofit organizations, and distributing funding for housing, shelter, and community development.

Statutory History

R.I.G.L. 42-128 established the Housing Resources Commission as of July 1, 1998. The Commission has 27 members, both ex-officio and appointed by the Governor representing a cross section of people working on housing issues.

Housing Resources Commission

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Expenditure by Object				
Administrative Expenses	301,755	256,774	106,000	106,000
Assistance, Grants, Benefits	3,367,152	2,897,600	2,005,410	2,064,000
Capital (NOP) ⁽¹⁾	7,500,000	7,500,000	-	-
Capital (Building Homes RI) ⁽²⁾	0	-	12,500,000	12,500,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$11,168,907	10,654,374	14,611,410	14,670,000
Expenditure by Funds				
State General Revenues	3,469,658	2,951,423	2,111,410	2,170,000
Federal Grants	199,249	202,951	-	-
Loan Proceeds - NOP	7,500,000	7,500,000	-	-
G.O. Bond Proceeds - Building Homes	-	-	12,500,000	12,500,000
Total Expenditures	\$11,168,907	\$10,654,374	14,611,410	14,670,000
Closing Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

⁽¹⁾ In August 2007, the State provided \$7.5 million for the Neighborhood Opportunities Program, which was authorized for FY 2007. In FY 2008, the Governor recommends that the \$7.5 million RICAP appropriation be withdrawn due to delayed cash requirements. The recommendation is to transition NOP expenses to RI Housing where similar programs have been funded. Previous commitments made for projects that require cash in FY 2008 and FY 2009 will be reviewed in the context of the RI Capital Plan Fund balance and RI Housing's resources.

⁽²⁾ Reflects State General Obligation bond proceeds also reflected in the State's Capital Budget.

Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation is a public body corporate of the State of Rhode Island in accordance with Section 45-37 of the General Laws. The corporation is utilized to foster economic growth within the State of Rhode Island.

The purpose of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation is to act as the issuer of tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds, which are sold to private or public investors, on the behalf of Rhode Island companies seeking financing. The role of the Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation is to act as a conduit in a company's efforts to obtain financing from sources other than the corporation. The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation is a title holder to the property and does not have financial exposure in connection with the bonds.

Agency Objectives

The corporation's objective is to encourage economic growth within the state by further developing industrial and recreational facilities.

Statutory History

The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation was created in 1956 by Chapter 45-37.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Pre-Audit	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Receipts				
Bond Fees	120,380	113,594	100,000	110,000
Other	6,300	4,551	5,000	5,000
Interest	18,809	28,003	25,000	25,000
Total	\$145,489	\$146,148	\$130,000	\$140,000
Expenses				
Insurance	-	-	87,807	95,000
Professional Fees	15,750	15,750	20,000	20,000
Office	17,456	15,886	20,000	20,000
Bad Debt (Recovery)	128	18	500	500
Total	\$33,334	\$31,654	\$128,307	\$135,500
Net Gain/(Loss)	\$112,155	\$114,494	\$1,693	\$4,500

The information was provided by the entity, and the data provided for FY 2009 was approved by the Board on August 23, 2007.

Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority was created for the purpose of nurturing economic growth within the State of Rhode Island by insuring mortgage payments on industrial or recreational projects approved by the authority. The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority, as required by statute, maintains a first security position in all projects. The total amount of mortgage insurance issued cannot exceed \$80,000,000 in the aggregate.

The State of Rhode Island, according to R.I.G.L. 42-34-15, is responsible for providing any additional resources that may be required to allow the mortgage insurance fund to meet its obligations.

Agency Objectives

The authority promotes economic growth in the state by providing insurance for qualifying mortgages of industrial and recreational facilities.

Statutory History

The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority was created in 1958 by R.I.G.L. 42-34.

Rhode Island Industrial - Recreational Building Authority

	FY 2006 Pre-Audit	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Receipts:				
Premiums	217,704	300,768	190,000	180,000
Interest	141,675	17,388	50,000	50,000
Rent	77,083	75,000	75,000	-
Other	3,176	-	5,000	5,000
Recovery of Bad Debt	99,969	349,970	100,000	100,000
Total Receipts	\$539,607	\$743,126	\$420,000	\$335,000
Expenses:				
Administration	-	-	100,057	110,000
Legal	53,680	50,245	75,000	75,000
Insurance	27,616	27,616	30,000	30,000
Interest Expense	86,083	-	-	-
Other	56,755	16,040	40,000	40,000
Total Expenses	\$224,134	\$93,901	\$245,057	\$255,000
Operating Income (Loss)	\$315,473	\$649,225	\$174,943	\$80,000
Est. Loss-Default	-	-	-	-
Net	\$315,473	\$649,225	\$174,943	\$80,000

The information was provided by the entity, and in most cases the data provided for FY 2009 was approved by the Board on September 7, 2007.

Narragansett Bay Commission

Agency Operations

The Narragansett Bay Commission (NBC) was created by the Rhode Island General Assembly in 1980. Charged with the acquisition and operation of the Field's Point Wastewater Treatment Facility in Providence and portions of the metropolitan Providence wastewater collection system, the NBC's fundamental purpose is to improve and preserve the environmental integrity of Narragansett Bay and its tributaries. Through legislation signed into law by the Governor, the NBC assumed ownership of the Bucklin Point Wastewater Treatment Facility in East Providence on January 1, 1992.

The NBC owns and operates Rhode Island's two largest wastewater treatment facilities, 110 miles of sewer interceptors, 64 combined sewer overflows, 32 tide gates and 7 pump stations, and provides wastewater collection and treatment services to over 360,000 residents and approximately 7,900 industrial and commercial customers in 10 communities throughout Rhode Island. These communities include Providence, North Providence, Johnston, Pawtucket, Central Falls, Cumberland, Lincoln and the northern portion of East Providence, and small sections of Cranston and Smithfield.

The NBC has a \$256 million five-year capital improvement budget for fiscal years 2009-2013. The NBC is governed by a 19-member Board and is organized into four divisions: the Executive, Administration and Finance, Operations and Engineering, and Planning, Policy and Regulation divisions. In addition, through the Clean Water Act, which sets guidelines for water-quality improvements, the NBC has been charged with the responsibility to reduce the amount of combined sewer overflows to local waterways within its service area.

Agency Objectives

The Narragansett Bay Commission's primary objective is to ensure that the Field's Point and Bucklin Point Wastewater Treatment Facilities are in compliance with state and federal guidelines, thereby safeguarding the health and safety of the citizens of Rhode Island and protecting their environment.

Statutory History

R.I.G.L. 46-25 relates to the Narragansett Bay Commission: R.I.G.L. 46-25.1 relates to the merger of the Blackstone Valley District Commission and the Narragansett Bay Water Quality Management District Commission, and R.I.G.L. 46-25.2 relates to future acquisitions of wastewater treatment facilities.

Narragansett Bay Commission

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2009 Projected
Expenditures by Object				
Personnel	15,681,063	16,043,809	17,742,307	18,451,999
Operating Supplies & Expenses	7,058,042	7,176,472	8,010,679	8,331,106
Special Services	5,257,024	6,474,726	7,558,751	7,861,101
Subtotal Operating Expenditures	\$27,996,129	\$29,695,007	\$33,311,737	\$34,644,206
Capital Outlays	1,659,673	1,928,744	2,002,000	2,000,000
Debt Service	20,784,381	24,452,842	30,663,602	32,342,571
Total Expenditures	\$50,440,183	\$56,076,593	\$65,977,339	\$68,986,777
Expenditures by Funds				
NBC User Fees/Misc Revenues				
Personnel	15,681,063	16,043,809	17,742,307	18,451,999
Operating Supplies & Expenses	7,058,042	7,176,472	8,010,679	8,331,106
Special Services	5,257,024	6,474,726	7,558,751	7,861,101
Capital Outlays	1,659,673	1,928,744	2,002,000	2,000,000
Debt Service	20,784,381	24,452,842	30,663,602	32,342,571
Total Expenditures	\$50,440,183	\$56,076,593	\$65,977,339	\$68,986,777

* The information presented for FY 2009 has not been reviewed nor approved by the Narragansett Bay Commission and is subject to change pending review by the Commission.

Sources:

FY 2006 Actuals taken from the audited financial statements.

FY 2007 Actuals taken from the audited financial statements.

FY 2008 taken from NBC's approved budget.

Rhode Island Public Transit Authority

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Public Transit Authority (RIPTA) has primary responsibility for directing statewide fixed-route bus service and Americans with Disabilities Act paratransit service operations. RIPTA is managed under the direction of an eight-member policy Board of Directors. In addition to these core transit services, RIPTA operations also include program development and implementation of the statewide carpool program and the high-speed ferry demonstration project from Providence to Newport. RIPTA is committed to protecting the environment and providing safe, reliable, quality transit service that is responsive to customer needs with particular emphasis on Rhode Island's families, children, transit dependent populations, elderly and disabled residents. RIPTA operates a fleet of 257 buses operated and maintained by 711 employees. The authority's main facility is located in the City of Providence with a satellite operation on Aquidneck Island. The state's paratransit operation includes 140 vans currently operated by 3 carriers. In FY 2007, more than 25.3 million passengers were carried on RIPTA's fixed-route bus service and an additional 690,432 passengers were transported on the state's coordinated paratransit service.

Agency Objectives

As the statewide public transit organization, RIPTA has a primary role to expand access and mobility opportunities for Rhode Islanders by undertaking actions and supportive strategies, directly and in collaboration with others, to provide a full range of alternatives to the single-occupant automobile. These key mobility strategies include: transit design and service strategies to improve the livability of communities and act as a stimulus for neighborhood renewal; technological advancements which increase travel options and convenience; and collaborative land use strategies and economic development initiatives that foster transit ridership and pedestrian movement through transit-friendly land use and development.

Statutory History

The authority was created as a body corporate and politic in 1964 by R.I.G.L. 39-18-2 to acquire, purchase, hold, use and dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the authority.

Rhode Island Public Transit Authority

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Approved	FY 2009 Proposed
Revenue				
Passenger Revenue (A)	23,836,742	24,916,396	25,045,814	25,783,637
Special Revenue	429,102	573,832	598,860	614,100
Other Revenue	13,194,387	13,629,479	13,139,617	14,534,135
State Subsidy - Gasoline Tax $^{(A)}$	34,840,725	34,108,373	33,966,250	33,966,250
Department of Elderly Affairs	1,259,411	1,203,614	1,201,150	1,201,150
Federal Subsidy	10,557,322	12,784,607	15,531,265	16,496,486
Prior Year Carry Forward	-	-	-	567,072
Total Revenue	\$84,117,689	\$87,216,301	\$89,482,956	\$93,162,830
Expenses				
Salaries and Wages	38,590,383	40,764,683	40,315,316	41,877,994
Employee Benefits	18,052,642	20,196,502	20,430,114	21,508,405
Special Services	1,219,089	1,073,671	1,177,693	1,260,801
Operating Expenses (B)	23,996,652	24,377,540	26,992,761	28,515,630
Total Expenses:	\$81,858,766	\$86,412,396	\$88,915,884	\$93,162,830
Surplus/(Deficit):	\$2,258,923	\$803,905	\$567,072	\$0

^(A) Beginning March 2004 (FY 2004), a charge was made in the payment method from the Department of Human Services for the RIteCare Pass program increasing the reimbursement per pass. To accomplish this, the State reduced RIPTA's gasoline tax allocation from 6.85 cents to 6.25 cents in FY 2005 and used the funds to leverage additional federal funds for the RIteCare program. Beginning in FY 2006, RIPTA's gasoline tax allocation was changed from 6.25 cents to 7.25 cents. The allocation financed a market study on non-transit users and a managment audit of the agency.

^(B) Includes Debt service payable on general obligation bonds. FY 2008 and 2009 figures do not reflect revised scheduled Debt service payments of \$675,238 and \$765,484, respectively.

Sources:

FY 2006 and FY 2007 Actuals taken from the audited financial statements FY 2008 Approved and FY 2009 Proposed Budget has been approved by RIPTA Board of Directors.

Quonset Development Corporation

Agency Operations

The Quonset Development Corporation (QDC) is a real estate development and management company organized as a subsidiary of the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation.

The Quonset Development Corporation's Board of Directors consists of eleven members. The Executive Director of the RI Economic Development Corporation is the chairperson. The Governor appoints six members, the Town of North Kingstown appoints two members, the Town of Jamestown appoints one member, and the Town of East Greenwich appoints one member.

Agency Objectives

The Corporation develops and manages the Quonset Business Park in accordance with the QDC Master Plan and in the best interests of the citizens of Rhode Island to attract and retain successful businesses that provide high quality jobs.

The Corporation insures quality infrastructure, a high standard of design and aesthetics within the Park to create a favorable work environment compatible with the natural setting of the land and Narragansett Bay.

The Corporation develops and operates the Park in an environmentally sound manner, maintains excellent relationships with Park tenants, the Town of North Kingstown, and surrounding communities.

Statutory History

The Corporation was created in 2004 by Title 42, Chapter 64.9 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as a subsidiary of the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation.

Quonset Development Corporation

	FY 2006 Actual ⁽¹⁾	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Estimated Opening Balance Revenues:	\$0	\$22,683	\$19,970	\$37,946
Revenues from Operations				
Rental Income	4,949,429	4,824,260	4,323,586	4,318,154
Pier Income	536,984	580,175	475,000	600,000
Utility Sales	1,858,296	1,946,541	1,952,325	2,000,000
Other Income	198,118	205,377	20,000	50,000
	\$7,542,827	\$7,556,353	\$6,770,911	\$6,968,154
Total Resources	\$7,542,827	\$7,579,036	\$6,790,881	\$7,006,100
Expenditures				
Personnel Expenses	2,661,583	3,150,676	3,499,121	3,859,440
Operating Expenses	3,208,561	2,708,390	2,653,814	2,954,850
EDC Allocation	600,000	600,000	250,000	150,000
Capital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	1,050,000	1,100,000	350,000	-
Total Expenditures	\$7,520,144	\$7,559,066	\$6,752,935	\$6,964,290
Closing Balance	\$22,683	\$19,970	\$37,946	\$41,810

⁽¹⁾ Operating surplus to be used for Capital Improvements Projects as well as other internal capital requirements.

The Program

Rhode Island Refunding Bond Authority

Program Operations

The Rhode Island Refunding Bond Authority was created in 1987 as a public corporation, having a distinct legal existence from the state and not constituting a department of state government. It was created for the purpose of providing a means to advance refund two series of general obligation bonds (1984 and 1985) of the State of Rhode Island. The authority is authorized to issue bonds and notes secured solely by revenues derived from payments pursuant to a loan and trust agreement with the State of Rhode Island, which are subject to annual appropriation.

On July 1, 1997, the Rhode Island Public Buildings Authority was merged into the authority. Prior to the merger, the Public Buildings Authority issued debt to finance the acquisition and construction of certain facilities to be leased by state agencies. Debt service payments are secured by the lease payments made by the state, subject to annual appropriations. Since 1998, the Refunding Bond Authority has refunded all of the outstanding principal of bonds issued by the Public Building Authority.

The payment of such loans by the state is subject to and dependent upon annual appropriations being made by the General Assembly. As of June 30, 2006, total net debt outstanding of the authority totals \$60,320,000.

Program Objectives

To ensure prompt payment of outstanding debts of the authority.

Statutory History

R.I.G.L. 35-8.1 created the authority.

Rhode Island Refunding Bond Authority

The budget of the Refunding Bond Authority is reflected in the operating budget of the General Treasurer.

Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation operates an integrated statewide system of solid waste management facilities and programs to provide waste reduction, recycling and disposal services. The goal of the corporation's solid waste management system is to minimize waste generated and landfilled and maximize waste reduction and recycling.

The Corporation's materials recycling facility (MRF), in conjunction with grants and technical assistance provided to municipalities supports the State's municipal recycling programs. Metals, plastic and glass containers, paper cartons, juice boxes, as well as numerous types of paper and cardboard are delivered to the MRF, processed, and sold on the open market to be remanufactured.

The waste reduction program includes initiatives including (but not limited to): two webbased materials exchange programs, an education program, promotion of leaf and yard debris composting and information on reducing household waste. The corporation encourages backyard composting and sells subsidized composting bins to Rhode Island residents.

Other Corporation recycling initiatives target computer equipment and televisions, marine shrink wrap, plastic bags and provide assistance to school paper recycling programs.

In August 2001, the Corporation assumed responsibility of the ECO-DEPOT program, previously administered by the R.I. Department of Environmental Management, to handle and dispose of household hazardous waste.

The Corporation has developed and implemented an integrated solid waste management system in the most environmentally sensitive and economical manner possible. The landfill is currently the foundation of the integrated system. All operations are conducted utilizing state-of-the-art technology, including double lining of the landfill and an integrated methane recovery system. The Corporation operates a construction/demolition (C&D) debris processing facility, converting types of C&D debris from solid waste to alternate cover material, thereby conserving valuable landfill capacity.

Agency Objectives

The Corporation's primary objectives are to develop and implement waste reduction programs, divert waste from the landfill, and provide cost-effective disposal alternatives. Since its initial roll-out, the Corporation's "Maximum Recycling Program," has increased recyclables diversion from the municipalities. The "Maximum Recycling Program" has been implemented in 37 of 39 municipalities throughout the state, providing the opportunity of these municipalities to reduce their waste disposal costs. Licensure of additional landfill capacity is being pursued to maintain disposal capacity as the current facility is depleted.

Statutory History

R.I.G.L. 23-19 defines the programs that are required of the Corporation.

Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation

	FY 2006 Audited	FY 2007 Audited	FY 2008 Projected ⁽¹⁾	FY 2009 Projected ⁽²⁾
Revenues:	\$70,876,861	\$77,254,704	\$72,475,605	\$73,060,606
Expenses:				
Personnel Costs	13,210,667	13,755,945	14,862,745	14,996,918
Contractual Services	9,217,513	10,402,910	11,733,126	10,264,383
Utilities	1,429,870	1,459,839	1,654,300	1,603,425
Repairs and Maintenance	4,947,080	5,193,072	6,125,940	5,509,330
Other Supplies and Expenses	3,693,744	4,658,053	2,187,946	3,465,989
Grants to Municipalities for Recycling	1,495,264	1,573,713	2,858,800	2,932,000
Bad Debts	119,440	(87,012)	120,000	120,000
Provision for landfill closure and post closure				
care and Superfund clean-up costs	17,712,579	15,750,219	9,618,550	9,527,690
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	14,322,407	13,813,584	14,084,604	12,893,757
Other non-operating (revenues) expenses, net	724,843	1,655,346	2,485,528	1,296,901
Total Expenses	\$66,873,407	\$68,175,669	\$65,731,539	62,610,393
Income (Loss) from Operations	\$4,003,454	\$9,079,035	\$6,744,066	\$10,450,213
Transfers to State of Rhode Island	(7,500,000)	(3,300,000)	(5,000,000) ⁽³⁾	(4,000,000) ⁽⁴⁾
Net Income (Loss) for the Year	(\$3,496,546)	\$5,779,035	\$1,744,066	\$6,450,213
Assets:				
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	6,293,373	8,419,596	4,337,336	6,924,484
Accounts Receivable, Net	7,620,443	8,171,254	6,711,326	6,711,326
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	98,414,476	93,847,314	98,099,509	103,688,430
Assets Held in Trust	68,737,734	79,371,584	82,273,944	84,092,919
Other Assets	3,305,325	3,726,638	5,210,027	6,693,416
Total Assets	\$184,371,351	\$193,536,386	\$196,632,142	208,110,575
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	10,521,977	11,365,704	5,689,780	6,339,780
Accrued Expenses & Interest Payable	1,061,411	2,036,473	2,025,940	2,014,390
Due State of Rhode Island	3,000,000	-	5,000,000	4,000,000
Bonds/ Notes Payable	20,447,676	18,033,471	16,639,267	15,210,063
Superfund Cleanup, Closure & Post-Closure Costs	71,862,742	78,844,157	82,276,508	89,095,483
Total Liabilities	\$106,893,806	\$110,279,805	\$111,631,495	\$116,659,716
Retained Earnings	\$77,477,545	\$83,256,581	\$85,000,647	\$91,450,860
Total Liabilities and Retained Earnings	\$184,371,351	\$193,536,386	\$196,632,142	\$208,110,576

(1) The FY 2008 Budget reflects board approved budget with staff revisions as of 9/30/07.

(2) The FY 2009 recommended budget reflects management's FY 2009 budget projections and has not been approved by the Corporation's Board of Commissioners. The final budget numbers may be significantly different than the preliminary numbers reflected herein.

(3) The FY 2008 transfer to the State of Rhode Island reflects the \$5.0 million payable to the state's general fund as provided for in the Governor's FY 2008 supplemental budget.

(4) The FY 2009 transfer to the State of Rhode Island reflects the \$4.0 million payable to the state's general fund as provided for in the Governor's FY 2009 budget.

Rhode Island Student Loan Authority

Agency Operations

The authority, a public corporation, governmental agency, and public instrumentality of the state, was established pursuant to an act of the Legislature in May, 1981 for the purpose of providing a comprehensive system of financial aid for needy students. The authority originates and acquires over \$130,000,000 of federally guaranteed loans pursuant to the Higher Education Act. The authority is permitted to finance the origination and acquisitions of non-federal guaranteed student loans under its Rhode Island Family Education Loan Program. In February 2001 RISLA started the CollegeBound Loan Program.

As of December 31, 2007, the authority holds \$451,483,177 in Federal Family Education Loans serving 150,749 students and parents. Rhode Island Family Education Loans and CollegeBound Loans are held by the authority with a principal of \$335,395,250 and have served 23,439 student borrowers. The authority may issue bonds to further its corporate purpose which are not an obligation of the State of Rhode Island and are solely an obligation of the authority. As of December 31, 2007, the authority has \$882,950,000 in bonds outstanding.

Agency Objectives

Under the Higher Education Act, the authority provides Federal Family Education Loans consisting of subsidized and unsubsidized Stafford Loans, Parent Loans and Consolidated Loans. The authority has a long history of assisting student and parent borrowers by lowering their cost of borrowing. The authority paid from 1994 through 2002 the one percent guarantee fee charged by the Rhode Island Higher Education Assistance Authority. In FY 2007, the authority paid one percent RIHEAA default fee and split the cost of the fee for PLUS borrowers, saving Stafford and PLUS borrowers \$1,300,259. In FY 2008 the authority is paying the one percent RIHEAA default fee for both Stafford and PLUS borrowers saving \$2,015,704. Since 2002, the authority has further reduced the cost of Student Stafford Loan borrowing by paying the loan origination fee charged by the U.S. Department of Education, \$2,523,504. Since, 1994, the authority has also reduced the cost of borrowing to parent PLUS borrowers by reducing the interest rate one percent less than other lenders, saving Rhode Island parents over \$8.0 million in interest payment over the life of the loans, RISLA also offers an interest free Stafford loan for qualified students studying teaching or nursing. RISLA also offers a need based scholarship named after former professor of education Paul Sherlock. RISLA has awarded need based scholarships of \$2,000 to twenty-five students since FY 2004.

Statutory History

The authority was created in 1981 by Title 16 Chapter 62 of the Rhode Island General Laws. It is governed by a six-member board of directors, five of which are appointed by the Governor for staggered terms and the general treasurer (ex-officio).

Rhode Island Student Loan Authority

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Expenditures by Program				
Student Loan Program	48,389,610	61,095,282	66,014,060	65,868,961
Transfer to State for RIHEAA Scholarship Progra	-	3,000,000	-	-
College Planning Center	307,837	331,887	730,255	730,255
Representative Paul Sherlock Scholarship Progr	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Total Expenditures	\$48,747,447	\$64,477,169	\$66,794,315	\$66,649,216
Expenditures by Category				
Interest & Bond Expenses	29,193,032	37,875,290	43,641,439	43,662,559
Loan Servicing	5,425,519	4,866,990	4,909,852	4,909,852
Loan Origination Expenses	1,855,924	2,171,777	1,251,179	-,505,052
Transfer to State for RIHEAA Scholarship Progra		3,000,000	-	_
Provision for Risk Share	6,162,984	10,310,177	7,686,115	7,686,115
Department of Education Loan fees	5,770,804	4,556,440	4,148,370	4,148,370
Guarantor default fees paid for borrower	-	1,300,259	2,015,704	2,015,704
Repurchase Loan Origination Rights	-	-	633,750	633,750
Personnel	275,258	337,086	2,444,881	3,529,841
Depreciation	13,926	9,150	13,025	13,025
Representative Paul Sherlock Scholarship Progr	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Total Expenditures	\$48,747,447	\$64,477,169	\$66,794,315	\$66,649,216
Expenditures by Funds				
Bond Indentures	48,697,447	64,427,169	66,744,315	66,599,216
Dedicated Revenue from Licensing	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Total Expenditures	\$48,747,447	\$64,477,169	\$66,794,315	\$66,649,216

Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority was created in 1954 by the Rhode Island General Assembly as a body corporate and politic with powers to construct, acquire, maintain, and operate bridge projects as defined by law. The Authority was responsible for the construction of the Claiborne Pell Bridge (formerly the Newport Bridge) which was opened for traffic on June 28, 1969. The Turnpike and Bridge Authority is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Pell Bridge between Newport and Jamestown, and the Mount Hope Bridge between Portsmouth and Bristol, structures that are integral to travel in the coastal area of Rhode Island and neighboring states.

On July 31, 2003 Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds – Series 2003 were issued in the amount of \$35,650,000 to refund the outstanding 1997 Refunding Revenue Bonds. The maturity date of December 1, 2017 remains the same. At June 30, 2007, \$27,838,000 in principal remains to be paid. Principal and interest payments are made annually and semi-annually, respectively. The toll for the Mount Hope Bridge has been eliminated and the upkeep remains the responsibility of the Authority from proceeds of toll revenues levied on the Claiborne Pell Bridge and interest earning on investments. Bond covenants provide for non-system projects to the extent that revenues in excess of the obligations of the system allow.

Agency Objectives

To facilitate safe and vehicular traffic over waters of the Mount Hope Bay and the East Passage of Narragansett Bay through the operation and maintenance of its two suspension bridges - the Claiborne Pell Bridge, built in 1969, and the Mount Hope Bridge, built in 1929.

Statutory History

Title 24 Chapter 12 of the General Laws of Rhode Island established the organization and function of the Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority. In January 1997 the legislature passed article 36 amending the law adding certain provisions in section 24-12-9.

Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Revenue				
Tolls	12,150,000	12,095,422	12,155,000	12,100,000
Interest on Investments	1,181,000	2,457,469	1,373,756	1,075,150
Other	11,000	30,494	12,000	12,000
Total Revenue	\$13,342,000	\$14,583,385	13,540,756	\$13,187,150
Expenses				
Salaries and Wages	2,096,944	1,946,597	2,254,000	2,321,620
Bond Interest	1,330,000	1,374,564	1,234,918	1,170,065
Maintenance & Supplies	607,921	1,103,654	655,000	700,000
Insurance	690,473	1,463,580	1,145,097	1,000,000
Professional	207,530	286,194	227,000	250,000
All Other	99,704	393,269	315,000	330,000
Total Expenses	\$5,032,572	\$6,567,858	\$5,831,015	\$5,771,685
Debt Service and Reserves				
Bond Principal Account	1,972,000	1,970,000	2,075,833	2,142,500
Renewal and Replacement Fund*	5,215,000	3,538,000	5,633,908	5,272,965
Insurance Reserve Fund	250,000	725,000	-	-
General Fund	450,000	450,000	-	-
Total Funding	\$7,887,000	\$6,683,000	\$7,709,741	\$7,415,465
Total Expenses and Funding	\$12,919,572	\$13,250,858	\$13,540,756	\$13,187,150
Change in Net Assets	\$422,428	1,332,527	-	-

*The Renewal and Replacement Fund is used for maintenance and capital improvements included in the Ten-year Plan approved by the Board of Trustees and certain maintenance costs of the Authority's two bridges and related buildings and grounds. Amount in this fund is pledged to bondholders.

The information presented above was provided by the Authority. Fiscal 2009 data has not been approved by the Authority's management or Board of Directors. The final budget numbers may be significantly different than the preliminary numbers reflected herein.

Rhode Island Water Resources Board Corporate

Agency Operations

The Rhode Island Water Resources Board Corporate (RIWRB Corporate) was established by the General Assembly in 1970 as an agency with a distinct legal existence from the state. The RIWRB Corporate establishes water supply facilities and leases them to the cities, towns, districts and other municipal, quasi-municipal, private corporations and water supply companies. The RIWRB Corporate may contract for use of the facilities of such persons, or sell to those persons, the water derived from, carried by, or processed in the facilities. The RIWRB Corporate administers the Public Drinking Water Protection Program, which protects the quality and safety of public drinking water supplies. The RIWRB Corporate operates two funds: the Providence Project Fund has financed water quality/quantity improvement projects for the proceeds from which are disbursed to fund contributors for the purposes of protecting water supplies and associated watersheds, wells and wellheads.

Agency Objective

Protect the quality and safety of the public drinking water supply by providing revenue bonding for the acquisition of properties surrounding watersheds and water supply facilities for the state and municipal water suppliers.

Statutory History

The Rhode Island Water Resources Board Corporate was established under R.I.G.L. 46-15.1 in 1970.

Rhode Island Water Resources Board Corporate

	FY 2006 Actual	FY 2007 Actual	FY 2008 Revised	FY 2009 Recommended
Expenditures by Object				
Personnel	32,896	19,190	24,430	17,150
Other State Operating	2,581	2,664	3,000	3,000
Assistance, Grants and Benefits ⁽¹⁾	2,408,101	2,382,250	106,222	-
Subtotal: Operating Expenditure	\$2,443,578	\$2,404,104	\$133,652	\$20,150
Capital Projects Debt Service	1,087,193	1,084,843	1,082,918	1,084,662
Total Expenditures	\$3,530,771	\$3,488,947	\$1,216,570	\$1,104,812
Expenditures by Funds				
Personnel	32,896	19,190	24,430	17,150
Other Operating Expenses	2,581	2,664	3,000	3,000
Assistance, Grants and Benefits	2,408,101	2,382,250	106,222	-
Capital Debt Service	1,087,193	1,084,843	1,082,918	1,084,662
Subtotal: Water Quality				
Protection Charge	\$3,530,771	\$3,488,947	\$1,216,570	\$1,104,812
Other Funds				
Capital Debt Service-Prov Project ⁽²	1,071,656	1,079,981	1,070,325	1,083,255
Subtotal: Water Quality	\$1,071,656	\$1,079,981	\$1,070,325	\$1,083,255
Total Expenditures	\$3,530,771	\$3,488,947	\$1,216,570	\$1,104,812

⁽¹⁾ Phase III of Watershed Protection Program
⁽²⁾ Paid directly by Providence Water Supply Board