# VOLUME I: GENERAL GOVERNMENT AND QUASI-PUBLIC AGENCIES

**QUASI-PUBLIC AGENCIES** 

# Quasi-Public Agencies

#### **QUASI- PUBLIC AGENCIES**

In general, a quasi-public agency is established under the Rhode Island General Laws, but has certain budgetary, governing, and policy-making independence from Executive and Legislative governance. Currently, Rhode Island has 16 quasi-public agencies with diverse structures, powers and responsibilities.

#### CAPITAL CENTER COMMISSION

#### **Agency Description**

The Capital Center Commission is a public corporation and agency of the State of Rhode Island that was created by state enabling legislation in 1981, and is a public body of the City of Providence by City Council Ordinance enacted in 1982. Legislatively, it is responsible for the adoption, implementation, and administration of the public and private development within Capital Center through its Design and Development Regulations, which, in part, are more restrictive than the local zoning ordinance. The commission's Internal Operating Procedures establish an application and design review process, which is legislated as not to exceed ninety days. The goal is to assure compliance with the regulations and at the same time assure the developer of an early decision on its application for development. The Capital Center Commission, a fifteen member board created by state legislation, is funded by the State of Rhode Island through the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation and through development fees assessed during the project application period.

One of the largest and most ambitious economic ventures of the State of Rhode Island and its capital city - Providence - is Capital Center, a seventy-seven acre northerly expansion of downtown Providence to the State Capitol. Through the cooperative and continuing efforts of public and private ownerships and interests, an infusion of over \$100 million of public and private funds has been committed for the planning and construction of public infrastructure improvements within the area. The public improvements, completed in mid 1994, include: new rights-of-way and utility lines, expansion of public open space, river walks along restaurants and retail uses, an amphitheater, and pedestrian bridges created, in part, by the relocation of two rivers.

Private development is controlled by Design and Development Regulations mandating, in part: use, height, building coverage, parking and service. Pedestrian and traffic circulation controls are also established to assure the movement of people and automobiles through Capital Center and to and from the downtown area. Forty-eight of the seventy-seven acres, representing twenty development sites, are designated for private development by public and private ownerships. To date, the following projects have been completed or are under construction: over 1.2 million square feet of retail space, one million square feet of office space, 1,052 hotel rooms and guest suites, 765 residential units, 7,800 structured parking spaces, over 6,900 permanent jobs, and over one billion dollars in private development.

#### **Statutory History**

Public Laws of 1981, Section 2, Chapter 332, as amended, establish the Capital Commission as a special development district, as governed by Title 45, Section 24.4 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

### CAPITAL CENTER COMMISSION

	FY2022 Actual	Į	FY 2023 Unaudited	FY 2024 Projected	Re	FY 2025 ecommended
<b>Operating Revenues</b>						
Development/Permit Fees	\$ 1,313	\$	5,977	\$ 4,000	\$	4,000
Interest Income	11		14	15		15
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$ 1,324	\$	5,991	\$ 4,015	\$	4,015
Expenditures						
Print/Supplies	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Meetings/Miscellaneous	-		514	250		250
Consultants	-		-	-		500
Bookkeeping Fees	1,200		1,150	1,150		1,150
Legal & Audit Fees	4,000		2,500	3,000		3,500
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	\$ 5,200	\$	4,164	\$ 4,400	\$	5,400
<b>Less Non Operating Revenue</b>						
Interest Income	\$ 11	\$	14	\$ 10	\$	15
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (3,876)	\$	1,827	\$ (385)	\$	(1,385)

#### I-195 REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT COMMISSION

#### **Agency Description**

The I-195 Redevelopment District (the "District") was created in late 2011 to serve as the primary authority for the overall redevelopment of the land made available in Providence as a result of the relocation of Interstate 195. The District is led by an Executive Director and a volunteer board comprised of nine Commissioners, (including two who serve ex officio) nominated by the Governor and approved by the Rhode Island Senate.

The District is comprised of 26.5 acres, of which 7.01 acres are designated and operated as park. The remaining 19.5 acres are slated for the mixed-use development of an innovation district and can support millions of square feet of new construction. The Commission has overseen the completion of five development projects while two other projects are currently under construction. The completed, under construction, and planned projects in the District total 2.1 million square feet and \$745 million of development.

Presently, the Commission is actively working on five development projects, two public infrastructure improvement projects in the area, and managing 195 District Park. The Commission is also developing a free-standing pavilion in 195 District Park, which will break ground in 2024.

#### **Statutory History**

R.I. General Laws §42-64.14 created the I-195 Redevelopment District Commission.

### I-195 REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT COMMISSION

	FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual		FY 2024 Current		FY 2025 commended
<b>Operating Revenues</b>							_
State Grants	\$	761,000	\$ 961,000	\$	1,245,050	\$	1,871,989
Rhode Island Capital Plan Fund		589,069	881,228		905,000		805,000
Debt Issuance							
Other Resources (Grants)		757,281	1,058,395		1,060,166		744,410
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$	2,107,350	\$ 2,900,623	\$	3,210,216	\$	3,421,399
Expenditures							
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	\$	693,951	\$ 748,395	\$	948,518		1,368,814
Contracted Professional Services		1,067,926	1,511,146		1,855,567		1,746,828
Operating Supplies & Expenses		122,614	110,667		223,243		305,757
Cost of Issuance		-					
Capital Acquisition		-	-		-		
Total Expenditures	\$	1,884,491	\$ 2,370,208	\$	3,027,328	\$	3,421,399
Net Income (Loss)	\$	222,859	\$ 530,415	\$	182,888	\$	-

### THE

### **AGENCY**

#### NARRAGANSETT BAY COMMISSION

#### **Agency Mission**

The mission of the Narragansett Bay Commission is to maintain a leadership role in the protection and enhancement of water quality in Narragansett Bay and its tributaries by providing safe and reliable wastewater collection and treatment services to its customers at a reasonable cost and to ensure that the Field's Point and Bucklin Point Wastewater Treatment Facilities are in compliance with state and federal clean air and clean water acts.

#### **Agency Description**

The Narragansett Bay Commission (NBC) was created by the Rhode Island General Assembly in 1980. Charged with the acquisition and operation of the Field's Point Wastewater Treatment Facility in Providence and portions of the metropolitan Providence wastewater collection system, the NBC's fundamental purpose is to improve and preserve the environmental integrity of Narragansett Bay and its tributaries. Through legislation signed into law by the Governor, the NBC assumed ownership of the Bucklin Point Wastewater Treatment Facility in East Providence on January 1, 1992.

The NBC owns and operates Rhode Island's two largest wastewater treatment facilities, 110 miles of sewer interceptors, 61 combined sewer overflows, 32 tide gates and 6 pump stations, and provides wastewater collection and treatment services to approximately 395,000 residents and approximately 7,700 industrial and commercial customers in 10 communities throughout Rhode Island. These communities include Providence, North Providence, Johnston, Pawtucket, Central Falls, Cumberland, Lincoln and the northern portion of East Providence, and small sections of Cranston and Smithfield.

The NBC has a \$454.5 million five-year capital improvement budget for fiscal years 2025- 2029. The NBC is governed by a 19-member Board and is organized into five divisions: the Administration, Construction and Engineering, Finance, Operations and Maintenance, and Environmental Science and Compliance divisions. In addition, through the Clean Water Act, which sets guidelines for water-quality improvements, the NBC is responsible for reducing the amount of combined sewer overflow to local waterways within its service area.

#### **Statutory History**

R.I.G.L. § 46-25 relates to the Narragansett Bay Commission: R.I.G.L. § 46-25.1 relates to the merger of the Blackstone Valley District Commission and the Narragansett Bay Water Quality Management District Commission, and R.I.G.L. § 46-25.2 relates to future acquisitions of wastewater treatment facilities.

	NA]	RRAGANSI	ETT BAY CO	<b>OMMISSION</b>
	FY 2022 Actual	FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Budget	FY 2025* Recommended
<b>Expenditures by Object</b>				
Personnel	\$ 25,948,423	\$ 26,937,113	\$ 29,837,558	\$ 30,732,685
Operating Supplies & Expenses	17,277,372	19,359,391	23,380,899	\$ 24,082,326
Special Services	1,692,970	2,180,239	2,676,250	\$ 2,756,538
<b>Subtotal Operating Expenditures</b>	\$ 44,918,765	\$ 48,476,743	\$ 55,894,707	\$ 57,571,548
Debt Service	41,105,346	40,779,037	47,958,246	50,047,909
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	\$ 86,024,111	\$ 89,255,780	\$ 103,852,953	\$ 107,619,457
<b>Expenditures by Funds</b>				
<b>NBC</b> User Fees/Misc Revenues				
Personnel	\$ 25,948,423	\$ 26,937,113	\$ 29,837,558	\$ 30,732,685
Operating Supplies & Expenses	17,277,372	19,359,391	23,380,899	24,082,326
Special Services	1,692,970	2,180,239	2,676,250	2,756,538
Debt Service	41,105,346	40,779,037	47,958,246	50,047,909
Total Expenditures	\$ 86,024,111	\$ 89,255,780	\$ 103,852,953	\$ 107,619,457

FY 2022 Actuals taken from NBC's audited financial statements.

FY 2023 Actuals taken from NBC's audited financial statements.

 $FY\ 2024$  taken from NBC's approved budget.

<sup>\*</sup> FY 2025 information has neither been reviewed nor approved by the Narragansett Bay Commission's Board of Commissioners as it is compiled prior to the NBC's formal development of its FY 2025 budget.

### THE

### **AGENCY**

#### QUONSET DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

The Quonset Development Corporation ("QDC") develops and manages the Quonset Business Park in accordance with the QDC Master Plan and in the best interests of the citizens of Rhode Island to attract and retain successful businesses that provide high quality jobs.

The QDC ensures quality infrastructure, a high standard of design and aesthetics within the park to create a favorable work environment compatible with the natural setting of the land and Narragansett Bay.

The QDC develops and operates the Park in an environmentally sound manner, maintains excellent relationships with Park tenants, the Town of North Kingstown, and surrounding communities.

#### **Agency Description**

The Quonset Development Corporation is a real estate development and management company organized as a subsidiary of the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation, formerly known as the Economic Development Corporation.

The QDC's Board of Directors consists of eleven members. The Executive Director of the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation is the chairperson. The Governor appoints six members, the Town of North Kingstown appoints two members, the Town of Jamestown appoints one member, and the Town of East Greenwich appoints one member.

#### **Statutory History**

The QDC was created in 2004 by RI. General Laws §42-64-10, as a subsidiary of the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation, formerly known as the Economic Development Corporation.

	Q	UONEST	D	EVELOP	M	ENT CO	RP	ORATION
		FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual		FY 2024 Approved		FY 2025 Proposed
Opening Balance:	\$	22,413,032	\$	11,751,448	\$	8,881,623	\$	6,774,523
<b>Revenues from Operations</b>								
Rental Income	\$	16,537,561	\$	16,459,542	\$	14,325,000	\$	16,750,000
Pier Income		1,481,460		1,619,737		1,500,000		1,650,600
Utility Sales		4,313,434		4,896,555		5,125,000		5,195,000
Other Income		1,300,572		2,421,407		875,000		990,000
Investment Income		14,588		182,779		15,000		170,000
<b>Total Revenue from Operations</b>	\$	23,647,615	\$	25,580,020	\$	21,840,000	\$	24,755,600
Other Revenue								
Revenue Bond - Drawdown	\$	7,970,860	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
GO Bonds- State of Rhode Island		14,310,663		3,315,317		8,000,000		3,200,000
SFRF				6,000,000		19,360,000		39,640,000
Grants				2,562,972				8,976,400
Contributions in Aid of Construction		13,044,911		2,315,147		400,000		
Rhode Island Capital Plan Fund		6,000,000						
Total Other Revenue	\$	41,326,434	\$	14,193,436	\$	27,760,000	\$	51,816,400
<b>Total Resources</b>	\$	87,387,081	\$	51,524,904	\$	58,481,623	\$	83,346,523
Expenses		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Personnel Expenses	\$	5,096,864	\$	4,619,555	\$	5,790,900	\$	5,923,550
Operating Expenses		5,921,557		8,095,573		9,464,200		12,598,000
Debt Service		1,903,507		2,771,673		2,900,000		2,600,000
Other Expenses(Includes Interest Exp)		1,089,555		1,368,822		1,192,000		1,600,000
Transfer to (from) State of RI		(1,200,000)		, , - -		, . , <u>-</u>		, ,
Gain (Loss) on disposal of Asset		178,015		(41,825)		_		
Total Expenses from Operations	\$	12,989,498	\$	16,813,798	\$	19,347,100	\$	22,721,550
Public Works Capital Expenditures	\$	7,192,149	\$	2,990,610	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,000,000
Quonset Capital Infrastructure	*	55,453,986	*	22,838,873	•	29,960,000	•	51,816,400
Total Capital Expenditures [1]		62,646,135		25,829,483		32,360,000		53,816,400
Total Expenditures	\$	75,635,633	\$	42,643,281	\$	51,707,100	\$	76,537,950
Closing Balance	\$	11,751,448	\$	8,881,623	\$	6,774,523	\$	6,808,573
Closing Balance Breakdown								
Obligated Federal Grant Match	2	6,252,517	\$	648,541	\$	3,192,623	\$	2,700,000
Revenue Bond Funds Held by Trustee	Φ	445,500	Φ	73,721	Φ	3,172,023	φ	2,700,000
Reserve Fund		1,001,224		815,260		1,003,600		1,003,600
Private Party Deposits		3,172,051		5,826,641		1,170,526		1,512,069
Municipal Services Fund		759,874 <b>120,282</b>	\$	1,050,255	\$	1,329,874 <b>77,900</b>	\$	1,558,854
Cash Balance	<b>D</b>	120,282	Þ	467,205	Þ	77,900	Þ	34,050

<sup>[1]</sup> To be used for Capital Improvement Projects as well as other internal capital requirements. Projects may already be under contract.

#### RHODE ISLAND AIRPORT CORPORATION

#### **Agency Operations**

The Rhode Island Airport Corporation (Corporation) was created by the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation (Commerce RI) on December 9, 1992, as a subsidiary public corporation, government agency, and public instrumentality, having a distinct legal existence from the state and Commerce RI, and having many of the same powers and purposes of Commerce RI. The Corporation is empowered to undertake the planning, development, management, acquisition, ownership, operation, repair, construction, renovation, sale, lease or other disposition of any airport facility, including the Rhode Island T.F. Green International Airport in Warwick, as well as the five general aviation airports: North Central, Quonset, Westerly, Newport, and Block Island Airports.

The powers of the Corporation are vested in its Board of Directors consisting of seven members. The Corporation does not have the power to issue bonds or notes or borrow money without the approval of Commerce RI.

The Corporation leases the airports from the State of Rhode Island, through the Department of Transportation (DOT). Under the lease agreement, the State and DOT have assigned all rights to airport revenues, the proceeds of the State general obligation bonds issued for airport projects, federal grant agreements, insurance proceeds, all contracts including concession agreements with vendors and airlines, and all licenses and permits. The Corporation has agreed to reimburse the State for general obligation debt service after July 1, 1993, to the extent that money is available from its funds. In the event of insufficient funds, the unpaid debt shall accrue and be payable in the following year. The debt service related to historical general obligation bonds that were issued by the State of Rhode Island for airport related projects is the responsibility of the Corporation and the Corporation is current with respect to that responsibility.

The Corporation is entitled to receive funds from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) on a matching fund basis to improve the state's airport system and finance various airport operations and improvements. These funds typically are 90% - 100% of eligible project costs.

THE BUDGET

		RI AIRI	PORT COR	PORATION
Revenue:	FY 2022 Actual	FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Budget	FY 2025 (a) Recommended
Passenger Airline Revenues	17,363,800	16,111,542	15,539,840	16,275,000
Landing Fees - Cargo	499,300	388,678	425,159	446,000
General Aviation -Landing Fees PVD	516,400	510,937	482,000	496,000
Fuel Flowage Fees	1,308,600	1,329,812	1,370,000	1,411,000
Tiedown & Hangar Fees	1,993,900	2,068,759	2,087,942	2,151,000
Aircraft Registration	18,200	18,220	18,000	19,000
Concessions	2,033,100	3,393,313	3,211,349	3,372,000
Miscellaneous Revenues	137,500	159,950	122,000	126,000
Utilities Reimbursement	231,800	243,671	240,828	248,000
Rent-Non Airlines	719,700	447,259	793,866	818,000
Automobile Parking, Net	11,510,000	17,161,615	15,080,000	15,834,000
Rental Car	6,810,700	7,463,536	7,463,024	7,836,000
Off Airport Courtesy Fees	1,135,800	1,408,440	1,401,992	1,472,000
Federal Grants (b)	12,408,300	10,819,231	8,826,000	3,770,000
Total Revenue	\$56,687,100	\$61,525,000	\$57,062,000	\$54,274,000
Personal Expense	14,984,600	14,994,300	17,014,000	17,558,000
Operating Expenses	13,374,600	15,300,000	17,157,000	17,671,700
Total Expenses	\$28,359,200	\$30,294,300	\$34,171,000	\$35,229,700
<b>Net Income From Operations</b>	28,327,900	\$31,230,700	\$22,891,000	\$19,044,300
General Aviation Airports				
Revenues	2,489,300	2,660,805	2,663,000	2,742,890
Operating Expenses	(3,641,800)	(3,955,100)	(3,969,000)	(4,088,100)
Quonset Real Estate Income, Net	887,500	890,621	901,000	928,000
General Aviation Airports - Net Income (Loss)	(265,000)	(403,700)	(405,000)	(417,210)
Depreciation & Amertization	22,882,000	23,617,353	22,977,000	23,000,000
Net Income (Loss) After Depreciation & Amortization	\$5,180,900	\$7,209,600	(\$491,000)	(\$4,372,910)
Air Service Marketing, Net	(177,400)	(237,045)	(514,000)	\$
Net Income (Loss) After Depreciation				
& Amortization & Air Service Marketing	\$5,003,500	\$6,972,600	(\$1,005,000)	(\$4,372,910)
Non-Operating Income (Expense) (c)	24,270,200	16,399,800	52,291,000	52,444,700
Airports - Net Income	\$29,273,700	\$23,372,400	\$51,286,000	\$48,071,790
Interlink Facility - Net Income (Loss)	(4,072,500)	(2,969,600)	(2,979,000)	(2,772,800)
RIAC - Net Income	\$25,201,200	\$20,402,800	\$48,307,000	\$45,298,990

<sup>(</sup>a) The information presented for FY 2025 has neither been reviewed nor approved by the Rhode Island Airport Corporation Board of Directors and is subject to change.

<sup>(</sup>b) FY 2024 Budget includes \$8,600,00 COVID Stimulus Funds, and FY 2025 Recommended includes \$3,560,000 COVID Stimulus Funds.

<sup>(</sup>c) Included in this line are Federal Grant income and PFC income which are restricted for use on approved capital project costs and cannot be used for airport operations.

#### RHODE ISLAND COMMERCE CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

The Rhode Island Commerce Corporation's (the "Commerce Corporation") mission is to enhance Rhode Island's business climate; retain and create jobs; help existing Rhode Island businesses succeed; identify opportunities to attract new companies and investment into the state and help develop our workforce to meet the needs of a 21st century economy.

The Commerce Corporation, in partnership with industry, civic and government leaders, is advancing an economic strategy focused on fostering innovation and advanced industries, expanding, and recruiting businesses, attracting tourists through a statewide marketing campaign, and equipping our workforce to succeed in the global economy.

#### **Agency Description**

The Commerce Corporation is the official, full service, economic development organization for the State of Rhode Island. A quasi-public agency, the Commerce Corporation serves as a government and community resource to help streamline business expansion in, and relocation to, Rhode Island. The agency assists companies with commercial real estate, business financing, workforce training, and other relevant issues. It is led by a board of directors, which includes the Governor, who serves as chair. Other board members include leaders from Rhode Island's business and labor communities as well as academic and healthcare institutions. The Governor appoints all twelve members. The board oversees the development and implementation of all state-level economic development initiatives and works with the Executive Director to advance the agency's objectives.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation was created in 1995 by R.I General Laws §42-64, replacing the former Department of Economic Development and the Rhode Island Port Authority.

Effective January 1, 2014, the name Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation was changed to the Rhode Island Commerce Corporation per RIGL §42-64-1.1.

The Commerce Corporation falls under the purview of the Secretary of Commerce per RIGL §42-64.19-6.

	R	HODE IS	$\mathbf{L}_{I}$	AND COM	1M	ERCE CO	RI	PORATION
		FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Projected*			FY 2025 Projected*
State Appropriation	\$	7,659,565	\$	7,947,778	\$	8,290,488	\$	8,687,776
Total State Appropriations	\$	7,659,565	\$	7,947,778	\$	8,290,488	\$	8,687,776
Other Revenues								
Hotel Tax Revenue	\$	6,179,118	\$	6,762,922	\$	6,471,020	\$	6,471,020
Finance Program Reimbursements		474,358		530,031		502,195		502,195
Federal Grant Reimbursements [1]		329,000		333,738		331,369		331,369
Other		3,101,035		901,310		2,001,173		2,001,173
<b>Total Other Revenues</b>	\$	10,083,511	\$	8,528,001	\$	9,305,756	\$	9,305,756
TOTAL SOURCES (Cash, Revenues)	\$	17,743,076	\$	16,475,779	\$	17,596,244	\$	17,993,532
Total Operations (Personnel & Operating)	\$	14,701,888	\$	19,017,708	\$	19,522,615	\$	20,040,927
Grant/Partnership Expenses		4,460,104		3,860,907		4,160,506		4,160,506
<b>Total Expenses</b>	1	9,161,992.00	\$	22,878,615	\$	23,683,121	\$	24,201,432
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	\$	(1,418,916)	\$	(6,402,836)	\$	(6,086,877)	\$	(6,207,900)
Pass-Through (only) Grants								
<u>State</u>								
STAC Research Alliance (EP Score)	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	900,000
Innovative Matching Grants		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,350,000
Renewable Energy Fund (RGGI)		2,628,789		11,738,838		5,500,000		5,500,000
Airport Impact Aid		1,000,102		1,010,036		1,010,036		1,010,036
Chafee Center at Bryant		476,200		476,200		476,200		476,200
Polaris Manufacturing Tech. Assist. Program		350,000		450,000		450,000		450,000
East Providence Waterfront Commission		50,000		50,000		50,000		50,000
Urban Ventures (Designated Grant)		140,000		140,000		140,000		140,000
Municipal Infrastructure Bank Match		1,000,000		2,500,000		-		-
Oscar Program-RI Infrastructure Bank		-		4,000,000		-		-
Other (Working Cities, AICU, Warwick Station)		_		_		-		-
Total	\$	7,545,091	\$	22,265,074	\$	9,526,236	\$	9,876,236
<u>Federal</u>								
MARAD	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
DOD SteamEngine II		-		-		-		-
PTAC		329,000		333,738		357,584		383,134
Brownsfield Grant				-				
State Small Business Credit Initiative		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	329,000	\$	333,738	\$	357,584	\$	383,134

<sup>[1]</sup> Approximate balance; variances may exist due to cash budget vs. accrual accounting methods

<sup>[1]</sup> Federal: Personnel and indirect cost reimbursements as allowable, prime recipient only

<sup>\*</sup>Not Board Approved

#### RHODE ISLAND CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY

#### **Agency Objectives**

The Authority manages and operates the convention center complex, parking facilities, the Vets and the Amica Mutual Pavilion and is responsible for attracting events to capture and promote positive economic impact for the City and the State. In 2014, the General Assembly directed and authorized the Authority to develop and operate a new 1250 space parking facility, now known as the Innovation District Garage, on State owned land adjacent to the I-195 redevelopment district.

#### **Agency Description**

The Rhode Island Convention Center Authority (the "Authority") was created in 1987 by the Rhode Island General Assembly as a public corporation, instrumentality, and agency of the state, having a distinct legal existence from the state and not constituting a department of the government. The Authority is governed by a Board of Commissioners, which is comprised of eleven members, eight appointed by the Governor, two appointed by the Mayor of the City of Providence and one appointed by the Providence City Council.

The Authority's original purpose was the construction, management and operation of a facility to house conventions, trade shows, exhibitions, displays, meetings, banquets, and other events, as well as facilities related thereto, such as parking lots and garages, connection walkways, hotels and office buildings, including any retail facilities incidental to and located within any of the foregoing, and to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, land to construct the complex. The Authority was authorized to lease the convention center and the related facilities to the state and undergo a bond and note issuance for facilities pursuant to the terms of a sublease agreement, dated as of November 1, 1991, as amended, by and between the state as sub lessor and the authority, as sub lessee.

In March 2020 the COVID-19 pandemic took hold in Rhode Island. Governor Raimondo issued executive orders closing all gathering places and requiring social distancing. The Convention Center was asked to serve as an Alternate Care Facility during FY 2021. The building was converted to a hospital and taken over by Lifespan to be used in the event that existing hospitals were unable to handle the number of affected individuals. The South Garage of the Convention Center hosted a testing site for the virus.

The Authority's primary venues, the Rhode Island Convention Center and the Amica Mutual Pavilion, have faced stiff competition for patrons and events. The industry trend is to expand existing facilities or rebuild. In order to remain competitive, the facilities need to be state-of-the-art and in pristine condition. Doing so requires major renovations and upgrades.

Major tenants of the Amica Mutual Pavilion are the American Hockey League Providence Bruins and the National Collegiate Athletic Association Providence College Friars.

The Authority continues the management of the Veterans' Memorial Auditorium rebranded in FY 2011 as "The Vets." The Vets is a premier facility for fine arts, educational, comedic, musical and children's programming.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Convention Center Authority was established by R.I General Laws § 42-99.

R	HO	DE ISLAN	D (	CONVENT	ION	CENTER	ΑŪ	THORITY
		FY 2022		FY 2023		FY 2024		FY 2025
Operating & Non-operating Resources		Actual		Actual		Revised		Proposed
Opening cash balances	\$	3,334,697	\$	11,454,703	\$	14,244,345	\$	12,542,385
RICC operations	•	10,556,171	•	13,926,869	,	13,886,187	•	14,545,621
COVID-19 operations		2,238,423		1,566,628		-		-
AMP operations		6,997,280		11,743,183		9,348,788		11,064,412
Vets operations		3,751,518		4,584,975		5,807,356		5,853,726
Vets SVOG proceeds		2,633,275		-		-		-
IDG operations		2,401,536		3,929,266		3,367,854		3,396,581
Operating advance from State		4,850,000		-		, , , <u>-</u>		
SFRF appropriation - operating		-		1,000,000		-		-
Transfer from R&R, net		5,080,455		-		-		-
Investment income		808		508,536		369,542		314,110
Miscellaneous revenues		132,455		55,540		48,610		48,610
<b>Total Operating &amp; Non-operating Resources</b>		41,976,618		48,769,700		47,072,682		47,765,445
Operating & Non-operating Expenditures								
Authority operations		2,194,544		1,601,909		1,992,892		2,025,439
RICC operations		9,963,456		13,695,223		13,974,933		14,179,321
COVID-19 operations		474,413		8,682		- ,- ,- ,		-
AMP operations		7,070,383		10,655,081		9,335,181		10,429,345
Vets operations		4,088,682		5,285,351		5,859,437		5,946,350
IDG operations		412,976		835,177		1,127,797		1,153,839
IDG debt service contribution		1,467,461		2,443,932		2,240,057		2,242,742
Repayment of operating advance to State		4,850,000		2,443,932		2,240,037		2,242,742
Total Operating & Non-operating Expenditures		30,521,915		34,525,355		34,530,297		35,977,037
Final Operating & Non-operating Cash Balan	\$	11,454,703	\$	14,244,345	\$	12,542,385	\$	11,788,408
Capital & Debt Resources								
Opening cash balances	\$	3,166,857	\$	5,178,247	\$	24,003,730	\$	10,305,295
Investment income	Ψ	4,769	Ψ	568,925	Ψ	684,587	Ψ	581,899
State appropriation - RICC & AMP debt service		18,803,143		24,684,699		24,504,679		24,506,645
State appropriation - RICC debt service savings		4,090,519		2 1,00 1,000		21,501,075		21,300,013
State appropriation - IDG debt service, R&R		298,401		105,494		108,659		111,919
State appropriation - IDG debt service, net		1,557,199		583,523		787,924		781,420
IDG debt service contribution from operations		1,467,461		2,443,932		2,240,057		2,242,742
State appropriation - RICC RICAP		2,000,000		7,350,000		10,237,500		3,340,000
State appropriation - AMP RICAP		2,300,000		8,150,000		6,212,500		2,100,000
State appropriation - Vets RICAP		285,000		765,000 9,000,000		100,000		100,000
SFRF appropriation - capital  Total Capital & Debt Resources		33,973,349		58,829,820		68,879,636		44,069,920
		33,973,349		30,029,020		00,079,030		44,009,920
Capital & Debt Expenditures		11 000 207		17.779.796		17 507 010		17.500.000
RICC debt service		11,898,306		17,778,786		17,597,019		17,599,909
AMP debt service		6,904,838		6,906,826		6,907,660		6,906,736
IDG debt service		3,024,660		3,028,059		3,027,981		3,024,162
RICC capital		1,641,045		1,423,293		12,659,648		5,948,750
AMP capital		104,661		4,335,064		16,518,935		1,453,125
Vets capital		74,002		1,028,989		100,000		100,000
IDG capital		35,814		305,685		1,763,100		3,350,000
Authority capital		31,321		19,389		-		-
Transfer to operations, net		5,080,455		-		-		-
<b>Total Capital &amp; Debt Expenditures</b>		28,795,102		34,826,090		58,574,342		38,382,682
	\$							

<sup>(1)</sup> Reported on a cash basis.

### THE

### **AGENCY**

## RHODE ISLAND HEALTH AND EDUCATIONAL BUILDING CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

To ensure that adequate financing is available for the education institutions and health care providers in the state to meet the needs of the citizens of Rhode Island.

#### **Agency Description**

The Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation (the "Corporation") is a non-business corporation and component unit of the State of Rhode Island. The Corporation provides tax-exempt bond and lease financing to non-profit health and educational institutions in the state. Since its inception in 1966, the Corporation has assisted eligible institutions with over \$10.2 billion in financing without obligating the state's credit.

Under the direction of a five-member board of directors, appointed by the Governor, the Corporation has assisted hospitals, nursing homes, mental health centers, health care providers, adult day care centers, visiting nurse associations, private secondary schools, local educational authorities, colleges and universities in obtaining low-cost financing.

The Corporation receives no state appropriations for its operations.

The School Building Authority ("SBA") was created in 2015 with the Corporation being designated administrator of the SBA's Capital Fund. The purpose of the SBA is to provide funding for high-priority projects to local education authorities. The operations of the SBA are funded through state appropriations.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation was created by the General Assembly in 1967 with its duties and powers defined by R.I.G.L. 45-38.1 (as amended).

The School Building Authority Capital Fund was created by the General Assembly in 2015, with the Corporation's duties and powers, as administrator, defined by R.I.G.L. 45-38.2 (as amended).

RHODE ISLAND HEALTH &	ΕI	UCATIO	N.	AL BUIL	DΙ	NG CORI	PO	RATION
	FY 2022 Actual			FY 2023 Actual		FY 2024 Budget		FY 2025 Proposed
<b>Operating Revenues</b>								
Administrative Fees	\$	2,356,167	\$	2,247,206	\$	2,583,852	\$	2,526,607
Interest Earned on Loans Receivable		13,497		12,366		42,735		55,015
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$	2,369,664	\$	2,259,572	\$	2,626,587	\$	2,581,622
<b>Operating Expenses</b>								
Administrative	\$	1,118,689	\$	1,207,911	\$	1,388,546	\$	1,339,783
Grants		528,495		721,565		248,760		-
Depreciation		109,181		109,185		108,311		106,418
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$	1,756,365	\$	2,038,661	\$	1,745,617	\$	1,446,201
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Net Investment Income	\$	22,271	\$	295,221	\$	362,925	\$	334,765
Other Income		27,914		-		22,700		-
Interest Expense		(14,967)		(12,102)		(8,776)		(6,480)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		-		-		-		
Payment to State		-		-		-		-
Payment to RIDE/SBA		(257,613)		(255,752)		(350,000)		(275,000)
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>	\$	(222,395)	\$	27,367	\$	26,849	\$	53,285
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	\$	390,904	\$	248,278	\$	907,819	\$	1,188,706
Net Position- End of Year	\$	9,076,717	\$	9,324,995	<b>\$</b> 1	10,232,814	\$1	1,421,520

### THE

### **AGENCY**

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

To provide, improve and expand housing and housing-related community development services to, and specifically address issues of sanitary, safe and decent housing for, persons of low and moderate income, as well as to encourage the investment of private capital for the construction, rehabilitation, operation, retention, and maintenance of residential housing and housing-related community development efforts, to provide construction and mortgage loans, and to make grants in regard to housing needs.

#### **Agency Description**

The Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") is a public instrumentality of the State established in 1973 by an Act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners. The Corporation was created to provide and improve housing to persons of low and moderate income, as well as to encourage the investment of private capital for the construction, rehabilitation, operation, retention, and maintenance of residential housing and health care facilities; to provide construction and mortgage loans; and to make grants in regard to housing needs. The Corporation also has the power to acquire and operate housing projects on an individual or partnership basis in order to meet the housing demands of the State and to create subsidiaries for the purpose of the development and preservation of affordable housing for low and moderate income families.

The Corporation also provides services for the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development as a contract administrator for various programs; technical assistance in the housing area to other governmental entities; and homeowner buying and counseling assistance to all Rhode Island citizens.

The Corporation also has the power to issue negotiable notes and bonds to achieve its corporate purpose, and has a separate credit rating for itself and its bond apart from the state.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered under R.I. General Laws §42-55.

### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING & MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION

	FY 2022 Actual	FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Budget	FY 2025 Recommended**
Expenditure Report				
Personnel Services	28,094,535	29,156,926	29,300,000	30,200,000
Other Administrative Expenses	24,260,653	17,032,767	12,400,000	12,800,000
Programmatic Expenses	4,323,813	3,123,581	3,000,000	3,000,000
Provision for Loan Loss	1,829,727	3,932,614	2,000,000	2,000,000
Amortization and Depreciation	2,936,626	3,735,458	5,300,000	5,000,000
Total	61,445,354	\$ 56,981,346	\$ 52,000,000	\$ 53,000,000

<sup>\*\*</sup>Amounts not yet reviewed/approved by Board of Commissioners

#### RHODE ISLAND INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation's (the "Corporation") objective is to encourage economic growth within the state by further developing industrial and recreational facilities.

#### **Agency Description**

The Corporation is a public body corporate of the State of Rhode Island and obtained this designation and authority from Section 45-37.1 of the General Laws. The Corporation is utilized to foster economic growth within the State of Rhode Island.

The purpose of the Corporation is to act as the issuer of tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds, which are sold to private or public investors, on behalf of Rhode Island companies seeking financing. The role of the Corporation is to act as a conduit in a company's efforts to obtain financing from sources other than the Corporation. The Corporation is a title holder to the property and does not have financial exposure in connection with the bonds.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Industrial Facilities Corporation was created in 1956 by R.I. General Laws §45-37.1.

RHODE ISLA	ND II	NDUSTR	ΙA	L FACIL	ITI	ES COR	PO	RATION
		FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual		FY 2024 rojected		FY 2025 Projected
Receipts								
Bond Fees	\$	51,043	\$	55,888	\$	50,000	\$	75,000
Commitment Fees		15,883		-		-		3,000
Other		-		-		1,000		1,000
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total Recei	pts \$	66,926	\$	55,888	\$	51,000	\$	79,000
Expenses								
Administration	\$	7,083	\$	3,584	\$	5,000	\$	5,000
Insurance		22,381		23,565		25,000		25,000
Other		309		133		-		-
Legal and Audit		13,543		22,375		15,000		15,000
Total Expen	ses \$	43,316	\$	49,657	\$	45,000	\$	45,000
I	Net \$	23,610	\$	6,231	\$	6,000	\$	34,000

#### RHODE ISLAND INDUSTRIAL-RECREATIONAL BUILDING AUTHORITY

#### **Agency Mission**

The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority (the "Authority") promotes economic growth in the state by providing insurance for qualifying mortgages of industrial and recreational facilities.

#### **Agency Description**

The Authority was created for the purpose of nurturing economic growth within the State of Rhode Island by insuring mortgage payments on industrial or recreational projects approved by the Authority. As required by statute, the Authority maintains a first security position in all projects. As of June 30, 2011, the total amount of mortgage insurance issued cannot exceed \$60,000,000 in the aggregate. The State of Rhode Island, according to R.I. General Laws §42-34-15, is responsible for providing any additional resources that may be required to allow the mortgage insurance fund to meet its obligations.

#### **Statutory History**

The Rhode Island Industrial-Recreational Building Authority was created in 1958 by RIGL §42-34.

#### RHODE ISLAND INDUSTRIAL-RECREATIONAL BUILDING AUTHORITY FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025 **Projected Projected** Actual Actual **Receipts** \$ Premiums 82,711 \$ 119,987 \$ 75,000 \$ 90,000 29,750 20,000 25,000 Commitment & Application Fees 6,232 Interest 880 800 800 **Total Receipts \$** 113,341 \$ 126,219 95,800 \$ 115,800 **Expenses** \$5,000 \$5,000 Administration \$5,254 \$422 Legal and Audit 45,500 51,000 45,000 45,000 42,843 Insurance 41,217 42,000 42,000 91,971 92,000 92,000 **Total Expenses** 94,265 **Operating Income (Loss)** \$ \$ \$ 21,370 31,954 \$ 3,800 23,800 \$ Est. Loss-Default \$ \$ \$

21,370

\$

31,954

\$

3,800

\$

23,800

Net \$

#### RHODE ISLAND INFRASTRUCTURE BANK

#### **Agency Mission**

Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank's (the "Bank") mission is to actively support and finance investments in Rhode Island's infrastructure. The Bank does so through a variety of means, including the issuance of bonds, originating loans, and making grants, and the engagement with and mobilization of sources of public and private capital. Through its thought leadership, innovation, and financing activities, the Bank fosters infrastructure improvements that create jobs, promote economic development and enhance the environment.

#### **Agency Description**

The Bank was established in 1989 by the General Assembly, under Chapter 46-12.2 of the Rhode Island General Laws (1986), as amended. While the Bank is a body politic and corporate and public instrumentality of the State, it has a distinct legal existence separate from the State which does not constitute a department of the State government. However, the Bank is considered a component unit of the State and, accordingly, its financial statements are incorporated with and into the financial statements of the State.

Consistent with the Bank's mission of serving as Rhode Island's central hub for financing infrastructure improvements for municipalities, businesses, and homeowners, the Bank is focused on delivering innovative financing for an array of infrastructure-based projects. In addition to the Bank's legacy clean water (and its companion residential-based lending for the community septic system loan program and the sewer tie-in loan fund), drinking water, and municipal road and bridge programs, the Bank also supports energy efficiency and renewable energy (including the Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) program), storm water and climate resiliency, brownfield remediation, water quality protection investing, clean energy, climate adaptation and resilience, and municipal infrastructure.

#### **Statutory History**

R.I General Laws §46-12.2 is the Bank's enabling legislation and established the Clean Water SRF, while RIGL §46-12.8 establishes the Drinking Water SRF. RIGL §24-18, enacted in 2013, established the Municipal Road and Bridge Revolving Fund. In 2015, legislation was enacted to: (i) amend RIGL §46-12.2 to authorize the Bank to develop and administer the Efficient Buildings Fund; (ii) authorize the Bank to develop and administer the PACE program under RIGL §39-26.5; and (iii) authorize the Bank to develop and administer the Brownfields Revolving Fund under RIGL §23-19.16. In March 2015, in accordance with amendments to RIGL §46-15.1, §46-15.3 and §46-12.2 enacted in 2009, the Bank assumed the authorities and duties of the Water Resources Board Corporate, pursuant to which the Bank began to collect and administer certain water quality protection charge funds.

	RHODE	ISI	LAND INF	$\mathbf{R}$	ASTRUCT	CUI	RE BANK	
	FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual		FY 2024 Budget	FY 2025 Proposed		
Revenue								
Interest and Investment Income	\$ 21,111,450	\$	31,796,406	\$	38,270,160	\$	40,183,668	
Operating Grant Income	100,000		116,250		100,000		105,000	
Loan Service Fees	5,162,994		4,945,409		4,887,642		5,070,450	
Loan Origination Fees	1,180,552		1,737,717		1,882,670		1,350,000	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 27,554,996	\$	38,595,782	\$	45,140,472	\$	46,709,118	
Operating Expenses Interest and Finance Expenses Loan Principal Forgiveness	\$ 14,025,779 3,867,023	\$	12,525,550 4,437,235	\$	17,132,093 4,515,370	\$	9,355,500 4,593,750	
Administrative Expenses Administrative Fees - DEM	4,284,355 279,828		4,535,306 436,554		5,272,624 813,920		6,988,800 854,616	
Administrative Fees - DOH	2,981,250		3,363,850		3,186,080		798,659	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$ 25,438,235	\$	25,298,495	\$	30,920,087	\$	22,591,325	
Other Revenues (Expenses) Federal & State Capitalization Grants Transfers to State of Rhode Island	\$ 76,169,192	\$	82,270,833	\$	23,900,000	\$	26,131,350	
<b>Excess Revenues over Expenses</b>	\$ 78,285,953	\$	95,568,120	\$	38,120,385	\$	50,249,143	

#### RHODE ISLAND PUBLIC TRANSIT AUTHORITY

#### **Agency Mission**

As the statewide public transit organization, the Rhode Island Public Transit Authority ("RIPTA") aims to expand access and mobility opportunities for Rhode Islanders by undertaking actions and supportive strategies, directly and in collaboration with others, to provide a full range of alternatives to the single-occupant automobile. Key mobility strategies include: transit design and service; efforts to improve the livability of communities and act as a stimulus for neighborhood renewal; technological advancements which increase travel options and convenience; and collaborative land use and economic development initiatives that foster transit ridership and pedestrian movement through transit-friendly land use and development.

#### **Agency Description**

The Rhode Island Public Transit Authority (RIPTA) has primary responsibility for directing statewide fixed-route bus service and Americans with Disabilities Act paratransit service operations. RIPTA is managed under the direction of an eight-member Board of Directors. In addition to these core transit services, RIPTA operations also include program development and implementation of the statewide carpool program. RIPTA is committed to protecting the environment and providing safe, reliable, quality transit service that is responsive to customer needs, with emphasis on Rhode Island's families, children, transit-dependent populations, and elderly and disabled residents. RIPTA operates a fixed-route fleet of 240 buses and trolleys. The authority's main facility is located in the City of Providence with a satellite operation on Aquidneck Island. The state's paratransit fleet currently includes 89 vans. In FY 2019, 16.4 million passengers were carried on RIPTA's fixed-route bus service and an additional 384,218 passengers were transported on the state's coordinated paratransit service. FY 2019 was also the second full year where RIPTA's Van Pool service was operational, providing 17,990 trips to and from work.

#### **Statutory History**

The authority was created as a body corporate and politic in 1964 by R.I. General Laws § 39-18-2 to acquire, purchase, hold, use and dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the authority.

RHODE ISLAND PUBLIC TRANSIT AUTHORITY							
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025			
_	Actual	Actual	Revised	Proposed			
Revenue							
Passenger Revenue	\$ 19,420,222	\$ 20,570,932	\$ 24,847,831	\$ 25,119,165			
Special Project - Local/Fed	22,373	1,164,985	2,869,000	-			
Other Revenue	5,708,431	14,533,683	6,074,519	6,393,711			
Federal Funds	25,914,137	32,983,860	34,521,704	35,332,247			
Federal Emergency Relief (CARES)	15,310,661	25,412,702	27,816,242	11,062,324			
RI Gasoline Tax (1)	41,786,019	41,889,856	41,717,608	41,175,440			
RI Department of Human Services (2	813,663	813,663	1,656,471	1,532,519			
RI Highway Maintenance Account	3,536,525	6,900,723	4,936,133	4,996,545			
Contributed Capital (3)	6,102,807	40,034,550	-	-			
State Fiscal Recovery Funds (7)	-	-	-	10,000,000			
Total Revenue	\$ 118,614,838	\$ 184,304,954	\$ 144,439,508	\$ 135,611,951			
Expenses				_			
Salaries & Benefits (4)	\$ 79,037,267	\$ 100,073,504	\$ 102,940,835	\$ 104,958,731			
Salaries & Benfits - Federal	8,656,080	-	-	-			
Contract Services	2,665,786	6,888,067	6,944,237	7,129,702			
Contract Services - Federal	2,196,049	-	-	-			
Operating Expenses	12,914,154	23,937,341	27,322,261	27,586,612			
Operating Expenses - Federal	4,327,361	-	-	-			
Utilities	1,667,527	2,046,933	2,190,218	2,242,783			
Utilities - Federal	5,220	-	-	-			
Special Project - Local/Fed	-	8,962	2,869,000	-			
Capital Match	1,569	409,400	1,050,755	679,950			
Debt Service (5)	402,470	-	1,122,203	1,087,870			
Depreciation (6)	16,766,877	15,375,442	-	-			
Total Expenses (7)	\$ 128,640,361	\$ 148,739,649	\$ 144,439,509	\$ 143,685,648			
Net Income/(Loss)	(\$ 10,025,523)	\$ 35,565,305	(\$ 1)	(\$ 8,073,697)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Gas Tax amount estimated by Department of Revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Gas Tax funding provided through the Department of Human Services for the RIDE Program.

<sup>(3)</sup> Contributed Capital (state and federal funds received for capital expenditures) are not budgeted, but are reflected in FY 2023 results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> The Authority only has the resources to pay retiree health claims as they arise and as a result there is no fund for unfunded liability of other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Retiree health costs in FY23 were \$836,047. The total unfunded OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 is \$63,839,219.

<sup>(5)</sup> In addition to interest expense, RIPTA budgets the repayment of bond principal. Actual results only reflect the interest expense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(6)</sup> Depreciation expense is not budgeted, only operating funds to be used for capital expenditures. Capital Expenditures were \$6,523,545 in FY 2022 and \$12,623,045 in FY 2023 and are not reflected in the table above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(7)</sup> Actual results reflect changes in liabilities that are not budgeted and do not reflect cash outflows (legal, pension, and OPEB).

<sup>(7)</sup> A one-time State Fiscal Recovery Fund (SFRF) transfer to assist the Authority's FY 2025 operating deficit. Please refer to the Department of Transportation budget page for more information.

#### RHODE ISLAND RESOURCE RECOVERY CORPORATION

#### **Agency Mission**

The Rhode Island Resource Recovery Corporation's (the "Corporation") mission is to provide safe, environmentally compliant, clean, and affordable solid waste and recycling services for the State of Rhode Island. It aims to provide the utmost in protection of public health and the environment while working towards having no impacts on the quality of life in the surrounding neighborhoods. The Corporation sets an example of being a good neighbor by minimizing the impacts of its operations on the surrounding community while setting high industry standards for recycling and waste disposal. The Corporation seeks the best mix of public and private processing, recycling and disposal systems, programs, and facilities for both commercial and municipal waste to meet Rhode Island's needs (R.I. General Laws § 23-19-1.1)

#### **Agency Description**

The Corporation's 1,200-acre facility in Johnston is home to five major operations.

- Central Landfill The Central Landfill is the centerpiece of the Corporation's integrated waste management system. It provides disposal services to about 97 percent of the state's residents. Currently, about 2,200 tons of trash are buried in the landfill each working day. At current loading rates, the Central Landfill will reach capacity in 2040 2042. All operations are conducted utilizing innovative technology. With a protective baseliner, daily cover on trash, the capture and treatment of leachate (wastewater), conversion of gas into energy, and a final capping system, the landfill is a feat of environmental engineering.
- Materials Recycling Facility the Corporation's Material Recycling Facility processes both residential and commercial single stream recyclables. Every day, approximately 90 trucks deliver roughly 420 tons of material to the MRF. After sorting, these materials are shipped around the globe where they are remanufactured into a wide variety of products— saving money, conserving natural resources, and extending the life of the Central Landfill.
- Composting The Corporation operates a composing program that processes roughly 40,000 tons of leaf and yard debris each year preventing it from having to be landfilled. The resulting product is designated RI Class "A" and is certified for use in organic growing.
- Small Vehicle Area The Corporation's Small Vehicle Area offers easy drop off access to special/bulky item recycling, as well as disposal. Accepted materials include but are not limited to appliances, e-waste, bulky rigid plastics, waste oils, scrap metal, textiles, and tires.
- **Eco Depot** Eco-Depot is the name of the free service for disposing of residential household hazardous waste. Accepted materials include but are not limited to batteries, gasoline, oil and latex paints, and fluorescent bulbs. Since Resource Recovery began the program in 2001, we have offered more than 692 collections, served over 182,000 Rhode Islanders, and safely recycled or disposed of approximately 13.2 million pounds of household hazardous waste.

#### **Statutory History**

R.I. General Laws § 23-19 defines the programs that are required of the Corporation.

RHODE ISLAND RESOURCE RECOVERY CORPORATION								
	FY 2022 FY 2023			FY 2023		FY 2024		FY 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>
	Actual		Actual			Revised	Recommended	
Revenues:	\$	71,810,649	\$	69,029,052	\$	66,311,680	\$	60,466,180
<b>Expenses:</b>								
Personnel Costs	\$	16,335,361	\$	17,497,525	\$	18,871,603	\$	19,345,952
Contractual Services		7,989,378		8,189,388		10,296,244		10,169,432
Utilities		2,092,686		2,100,570		2,660,000		2,713,200
Repairs & Maintenance		3,743,950		3,488,333		4,921,400		5,175,188
Other Supplies & Expenses		5,473,756		5,755,655		5,634,052		5,758,493
Grants to Municipalities for Recycling		160,067		127,623		262,300		292,371
Bad Debts		(152,408)		54,493		100,000		102,000
Provision for landfill closure & post-closure care &		(132,100)		51,175		100,000		102,000
Superfund clean-up costs		7,889,427		6,754,070		4,202,942		4,206,742
Depreciation, Depletion & Amortization		14,149,210		12,788,013		11,276,521		10,935,192
Total Expenses	\$	57,681,427	\$	56,755,670	\$		\$	58,698,570
Income (Loss) from Operations		14,129,222	\$	12,273,382	\$		\$	1,767,610
( i.i., ) I I	_	, , ,	_	, - ,	_	- , ,		, - ,
Interest & Investment Revenue	\$	(7,917,202)	\$	1,705,575	\$	2,630,000	\$	2,630,000
	Ψ	(193,390)	ψ	(64,311)	Φ	2,030,000	Ψ	2,030,000
Interest Expense		/		` ′		-		-
Other Income (Expense)	•	(17,845)	•	(81,354)	\$	2 620 000	\$	2 620 000
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	<b>D</b>	(8,128,437)	\$	1,559,910	Þ	2,630,000	Þ	2,630,000
Net Income (Loss) for the Year	\$	6,000,785	\$	13,833,292	\$	10,716,618	\$	4,397,610
Assets:								
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	\$	62,097,224	\$	74,544,933	\$	64,000,000	\$	67,300,000
Accounts Receivable, Net		7,213,807		3,597,089		3,500,000		3,500,000
Property, Plant & Equipment, Net		106,652,983		105,256,619		123,900,000		120,000,000
Assets Held in Trust		123,572,578		129,634,210		133,000,000		138,350,000
Other Assets		4,184,954		5,231,835		5,200,000		5,200,000
Total Assets	\$	303,721,546	\$	318,264,686	\$	329,600,000	\$	334,350,000
Deferrred Outflow of Resources	\$	64,824	\$	57,232	\$	54,000	\$	50,000
Total Assets	\$	303,786,370	\$	318,321,918	\$	329,654,000	\$	334,400,000
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	7,832,988	\$	7,544,277	\$	5,000,000	\$	3,500,000
Other Liabilities	Ψ	553,678	Ψ	560,447	Ψ	550,000	Ψ	55,000
Bonds/Notes Payable		6,160,223		1,392,877		1,150,000		900,000
Superfund Cleanup, Closure & Post-Closure Costs		130,808,010		1,392,877		1,130,000		144,000,000
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	146,135,749	\$	146,700,000	\$	144,000,000
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	1,461,378	\$	1,382,784	\$	1,300,000	\$	1,200,000
Retained Earnings	\$	156,970,093	\$	170,803,385		181,654,000	\$	184,745,000
Total Liabilities & Retained Earnings	\$	303,786,370	\$	318,321,918	\$	329,654,000	\$	334,400,000

<sup>(1)</sup> The FY2025 recommended budget reflects management's budget projections made in FY 2024. That budget has not been approved by the Corporation's Board of Commissioners. The final budget numbers will likely be significantly different than the preliminary numbers reflected above due to the uncertainties involving estimated volumes and market prices for recyclables and closure/post closure liability estimates.

#### RHODE ISLAND STUDENT LOAN AUTHORITY

#### **Agency Mission**

Rhode Island Student Loan Authority (RISLA or the Authority) offers low fixed-rate education loans and provides tools that can help families make informed and responsible borrowing choices for college. RISLA also provides low fixed-rate refinancing loans to help borrowers decrease the cost of repaying their education loans. Additionally, for over 25 years, The College Planning Center (CPC), a free service resource provided by RISLA, has offered several college admission and financial aid services with the aim of increasing access to higher education. The CPC, staffed by experienced college financial aid and admission counselors, was started in 1998 by the Authority and is located in Cranston, RI. The CPC provides parents and students with information on early awareness, college planning, admissions, and financial aid. It is a service that was used by over 16,270 Rhode Islanders in 2023. The CPC conducts financial aid nights with most high schools in Rhode Island and in 2023 helped over 4,000 parents and students complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid Form (FAFSA) and College Board Profile form.

#### **Agency Description**

The Authority, a public corporation, governmental agency, and public instrumentality of the state, was established pursuant to an Act of the Legislature in May 1981 for the purpose of providing a comprehensive system of financial aid for needy students. The Authority originated over \$82 million in fiscal year 2023 of low-cost state-based education loans for students and parents, and originated over \$64 million in refinancing loans, helping students and families reduce their monthly loan payments and interest rates. In addition, RISLA continues to offer repayment options unmatched by other organizations nationally to help borrowers who need financial assistance. These plans include loan forbearance, income-based payment (IBR) plans, and loan rehabilitation. As of June 30, 2023, the Authority held \$70,864,435 in Federal Family Education Loans and \$598,808,822 in non-federal state-based education loans. The bonds are not obligations of the State of Rhode Island and are solely an obligation of the Authority.

Beginning in FY 2021, RISLA initiated an Employer Student Loan Repayment Program designed to assist employers by offering a tax-free benefit to help employees reduce the burden of repaying their student loans and to help employers meet recruitment and retention goals. Other student loan benefits offered by RISLA include Internship and nurse educator rewards programs, which make direct payments to pay principal to eligible recipients' current student loans. RISLA also provides numerous financial literacy seminars throughout the year.

#### **Statutory History**

The authority was created in 1981 by Title 16 Chapter 62 of the Rhode Island General Laws. It is governed by a six-member board of directors, five of which are appointed by the Governor for staggered terms and the general treasurer (ex-officio).

RHODE ISLAND STUDENT LOAN AUTHORITY								
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025				
	Actual	Actual	Revised	Recommended				
<b>Operating Revenues</b>								
Student Loan Payments	\$ 32,127,000	\$ 35,043,000	\$ 38,706,000	\$ 41,565,532				
Dept. of Education SAP Payments	(\$ 3,687,000)	(\$ 110,000)	\$ 572,000	\$ 286,201				
Investments	\$ 203,000	\$ 3,358,000	\$ 4,501,000	\$ 3,150,629				
Other	\$ 380,000	\$ 219,000	\$ 91,000	\$ 38,250				
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$ 29,023,000	\$ 38,510,000	\$ 43,870,000	\$ 45,040,612				
Expenditures								
Interest & Bond Expenses	\$ 14,254,000	\$ 17,705,000	\$ 21,461,000	\$ 24,745,859				
Arbitrage Rebate Expense	\$ 122,000	\$ 196,000	\$ 271,000	\$ 271,000				
Loan Servicing & Origination	\$ 3,912,000	\$ 4,133,000	\$ 4,537,000	\$ 4,627,740				
Provision for Risk Share	\$ 2,122,000	\$ 4,643,000	\$ 3,994,000	\$ 3,794,300				
Dept. of Ed Consolidation Loan Fee	\$ 348,000	\$ 266,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 182,160				
Personnel	\$ 4,517,000	\$ 5,174,000	\$ 5,452,000	\$ 5,452,000				
Depreciation	\$ 56,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000				
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$ 25,331,000	\$ 32,162,000	\$ 35,942,000	\$ 39,093,059				
<b>Excess Revenues over Expenses</b>	\$ 3,692,000	\$ 6,348,000	\$ 7,928,000	\$ 5,947,553				

### THE

### **AGENCY**

#### RHODE ISLAND TURNPIKE AND BRIDGE AUTHORITY

#### **Agency Mission**

The Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority (the "Authority") is committed to maintaining and operating the bridges in a fiscally responsible manner which ensures their physical integrity and longevity, as these structures are integral to travel in the coastal area of Rhode Island and neighboring states.

#### **Agency Description**

The Authority was created in 1954 by the Rhode Island General Assembly as a body corporate and politic with powers to construct, acquire, maintain, and operate bridge projects as defined by law. The Authority was responsible for the construction of the Claiborne Pell Bridge, which was opened for traffic on June 28, 1969, and has been responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Mount Hope Bridge between Portsmouth and Bristol, and the Claiborne Pell Bridge between Newport and Jamestown, since 1964 and 1969 respectively. On April 25, 2013, the State of Rhode Island (the "State") transferred to the Authority custody, control and supervision of the land and improvements for the Jamestown Verrazzano Bridge between North Kingstown and Jamestown, the Sakonnet River Bridge between Portsmouth and Tiverton, and Route 138 in Jamestown. Ownership and title of the Jamestown and the Sakonnet River Bridges and such portion of Route 138 remains with the State.

Day-to-day operations of the Authority are led by an Executive Director who oversees approximately 80 employees and reports to a five-member Board of Directors comprised of the Director of Transportation, who is a member ex-officio, and four members appointed by the Governor. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services for the ongoing operations of the bridges and other facilities in its control. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are the collection of toll revenue from the users of the Claiborne Pell Bridge and, beginning on July 1, 2014, three and one-half (\$0.035) cents of motor fuels tax on each gallon sold in Rhode Island which has been annually appropriated by the General Assembly to the Authority. The Authority's debt service consists of revenue bond obligations issued in 2016 and 2019; the 2016 issuance maturing in 2042 and the two 2019 issuances maturing in 2039 and 2044. The Authority's debt is secured principally by said tolls and said gas tax appropriations. The proceeds of the Bonds have been used to fund the Authority's Capital Improvement Plan and to advance refund the Authority's previously issued 2010 revenue bond obligation. In connection with each issuance of Bonds, the Authority is entered into a Trust Indenture. Accounts of the Authority are maintained in compliance with the provisions of each Trust Indenture.

#### **Statutory History**

Title 24, Chapter 12 of the General Laws of Rhode Island established the organization and function of the Rhode Island Turnpike and Bridge Authority. Article 20 of the 2013 Appropriations Act authorized the transfer of the Sakonnet River Bridge and the Jamestown Verrazano Bridge to the Authority. Article 21 of the 2015 Appropriations Act eliminated the authority to toll the Sakonnet River Bridge while allocating three and one-half cents (\$0.035) of the State's motor fuels tax to the Authority to be used for maintenance, operations, capital expenditures and debt service on any of its projects.

RHODE ISLAND TURNPIKE AND BRIDGE AUTHORITY								
	FY 2022 Actual		FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Budget		FY 2025 Proposed		
\$	23,845,764	\$	31,079,990	\$	25,124,390	\$	25,878,122	
	307,389		316,823		304,730		304,730	
	15,031,715		15,079,306		14,515,144		14,160,612	
	76,400		76,602		75,193		75,193	
\$	39,261,268	\$	46,552,721	\$	40,019,457	\$	40,418,657	
\$	5,475,626	\$	5,929,866	\$	6,563,368	\$	6,760,269	
	148,066		404,290		472,994		482,454	
	1,276,216		1,525,296		1,510,195		1,540,399	
	1,643,263		2,208,874		1,824,189		1,860,673	
	1,362,913		1,365,134		1,605,357		1,637,464	
	678,984		847,374		957,618		976,770	
	936,922		1,374,501		503,468		1,374,501	
	188,701		206,338		198,077		198,077	
	13,824,838		13,737,636		15,074,703		14,012,389	
\$	25,535,529	\$	27,599,309	\$	28,709,969	\$	28,842,996	
\$	13,725,739	\$	18,953,412	\$	11,309,488	\$	11,575,661	
\$	(7,859,157)	\$	(7,620,837)	\$	(7,407,493)	\$	(7,451,858)	
	892,572		892,572		892,572		892,572	
	-		-		-		-	
	(1,062,134)		3,153,781		144,000		144,000	
	-		-		-		_	
	188,486		241,815		54,590		80,000	
\$	(7,840,233)	\$	(3,332,669)	\$	(6,316,331)	\$	(6,335,286)	
\$	5,885,506	\$	15,620,743	\$	4,993,157	\$	5,240,375	
							-	
\$	6,220,000	\$	6,680,000	\$	6,680,000	\$	6,935,000	
			, ,					
\$	6,220,000	\$	6,680,000	\$	6,680,000	\$	6,935,000	
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY 2022 Actual  \$ 23,845,764 307,389 15,031,715 76,400  \$ 39,261,268  \$ 5,475,626 148,066 1,276,216 1,643,263 1,362,913 678,984 936,922 188,701 13,824,838 \$ 25,535,529  \$ 13,725,739  \$ (7,859,157) 892,572 (1,062,134) - 188,486 \$ (7,840,233) \$ 5,885,506  \$ 6,220,000	FY 2022 Actual  \$ 23,845,764	FY 2022 Actual       FY 2023 Actual         \$ 23,845,764 307,389 316,823 15,031,715 76,400 76,602       \$ 15,079,306 76,400 76,602         \$ 39,261,268 \$ 46,552,721         \$ 5,475,626 \$ 5,929,866 148,066 148,066 148,066 1643,263 2,208,874 1,362,913 1,365,134 678,984 847,374 936,922 1,374,501 188,701 206,338 13,824,838 13,737,636       \$ 25,535,529 \$ 27,599,309         \$ 13,725,739 \$ 18,953,412         \$ (7,859,157) 892,572 892,572 (1,062,134) 3,153,781 (1,062,134) 3,153,781 (1,062,134) 3,153,781 (1,062,134) 3,153,781 (1,062,134) 3,153,781         \$ (7,840,233) \$ (3,332,669)         \$ 5,885,506 \$ 15,620,743	FY 2022 Actual       FY 2023 Actual         \$ 23,845,764 307,389 316,823 15,031,715 76,400 76,602       \$ 15,079,306 76,602         \$ 39,261,268 \$ 46,552,721 \$         \$ 5,475,626 148,066 148,066 148,066 148,066 148,066 148,063 2,208,874 1,362,913 1,365,134 678,984 847,374 936,922 1,374,501 188,701 206,338 13,824,838 13,737,636       \$ 25,535,529 \$ 27,599,309 \$         \$ 13,725,739 \$ 18,953,412 \$       \$ (7,859,157) \$ (7,620,837) \$ 892,572 (1,062,134) 3,153,781 - 188,486 241,815 \$ (7,840,233) \$ (3,332,669) \$         \$ 6,220,000 \$ 6,680,000 \$	FY 2022 Actual         FY 2023 Actual         FY 2024 Budget           \$ 23,845,764 307,389 316,823 304,730 15,031,715 15,079,306 76,602 75,193         \$ 14,515,144 76,400 76,602 75,193           \$ 39,261,268 \$ 46,552,721 \$ 40,019,457           \$ 5,475,626 \$ 5,929,866 148,066 404,290 472,994 1,276,216 1,525,296 1,510,195 1,643,263 2,208,874 1,824,189 1,362,913 1,365,134 1,605,357 678,984 847,374 957,618 936,922 1,374,501 503,468 188,701 206,338 198,077 13,824,838 13,737,636 15,074,703         \$ 25,535,529 \$ 27,599,309 \$ 28,709,969           \$ 13,725,739 \$ 18,953,412 \$ 11,309,488           \$ (7,859,157) \$ (7,620,837) \$ (7,407,493) 892,572 892,572 892,572 892,572 188,486 241,815 54,590 \$ (7,840,233) \$ (3,332,669) \$ (6,316,331)           \$ 6,220,000 \$ 6,680,000 \$ 6,680,000	FY 2022 Actual         FY 2023 Actual         FY 2024 Budget           \$ 23,845,764 307,389 316,823 304,730 15,031,715 15,079,306 76,602 75,193         \$ 14,515,144 76,400 76,602 75,193           \$ 39,261,268 \$ 46,552,721 \$ 40,019,457 \$         \$ 40,019,457 \$           \$ 5,475,626 \$ 5,929,866 404,290 472,994 1,276,216 1,525,296 1,510,195 1,643,263 2,208,874 1,824,189 1,362,913 1,365,134 1,605,357 678,984 847,374 957,618 936,922 1,374,501 503,468 188,701 206,338 198,077 13,824,838 13,737,636 15,074,703 \$         \$ 25,535,529 \$ 27,599,309 \$ 28,709,969 \$           \$ 13,725,739 \$ 18,953,412 \$ 11,309,488 \$         \$ (7,407,493) \$ 892,572 892,572 892,572 892,572 144,000 1 188,486 241,815 54,590 \$ (6,316,331) \$ \$           \$ 6,220,000 \$ 6,680,000 \$ 6,680,000 \$ \$ 6,680,000 \$	